

**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT** 

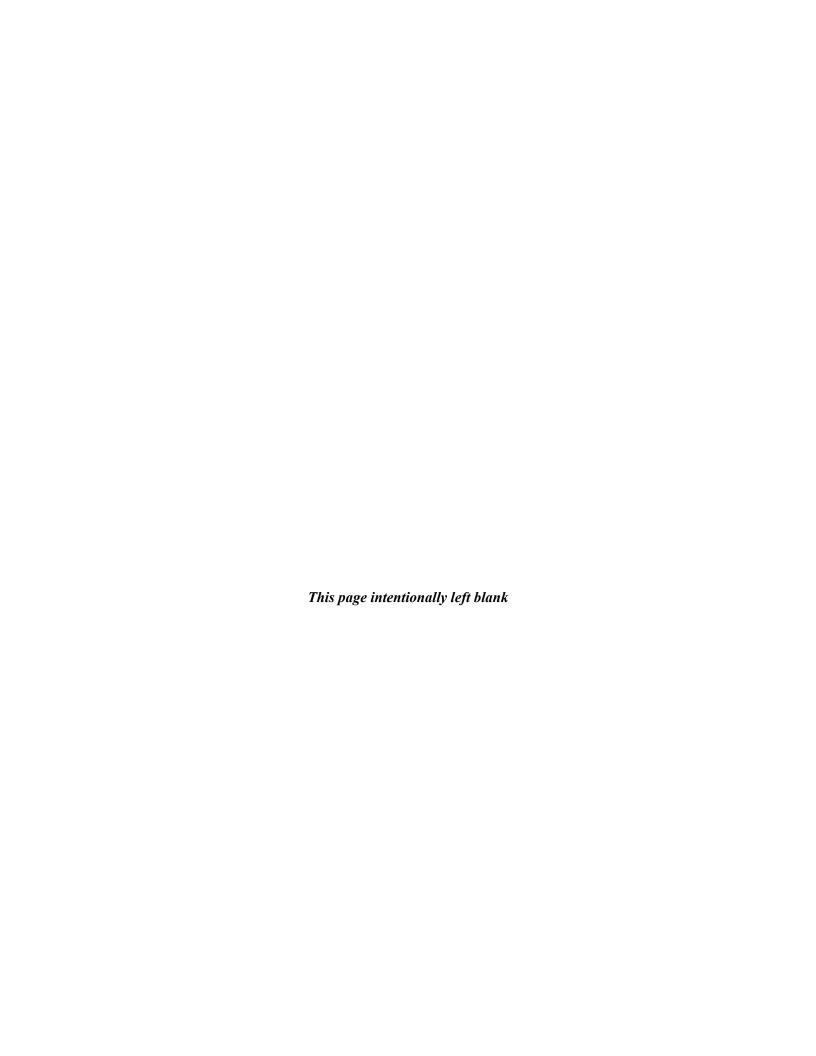
For Year Ended June 30, 2023

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PREPARED BY:

CITY OF PAGE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

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# Office of the City Manager

December 11, 2023

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Page:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Page. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Page has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Page's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Page's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Page's financial statements have been audited by Hinton Burdick, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Page for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified that the City of Page's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Page's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Page, incorporated in 1975, is located in northern Arizona just south of Lake Powell. The City's boundaries currently enclose approximately 37 square miles in Coconino County with a population estimate from the 2020 Census Bureau of 7,531 and an elevation of 4,300 feet.

The City of Page operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Common Council, which has policy-taking and legislative authority, consists of a mayor and a six-member council. The Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, resolutions and adopting the annual budget. They also appoint committees and hire the City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk, City Magistrate and General Manager for the Page Utility Enterprises. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies, ordinances and resolutions of the Council, and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City overall; the utility General Manager manages the electric, water, sewer and refuse enterprises pursuant to City ordinance. The City Council is elected on a nonpartisan "at large" basis. Council members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three council members elected every two years. The qualified electors of the City directly elect the Mayor for a two-year term.

The City of Page provides a full range of services, including water, sewer, electric, police and fire services, planning, zoning, and building code enforcement, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, along with recreational activities and cultural events.

City of Page owns and operates its own municipal electric, water, and sewer utilities, dba Page Utility Enterprises (PUE). The utilities are governed by the Page City Council and PUE Board, functioning pursuant Page City Ordinance 588-12. PUE currently serves the citizens of Page within the City's corporate boundaries. Due to the isolation of the area, PUE also serves many of the residents and commercial enterprises outside Page's corporate boundaries.

With regard to general fund departments and operations, the City Manager presents a proposed, balanced budget to the City Council for review. The proposed budget is presented in the Spring of each year. The proposed budget with any additions or deletions becomes the tentative budget, which is usually presented to Council for preliminary adoption in May. The preliminary budget is then presented to the City Council for final adoption no later than July. The legal level of budgetary control is established at the fund level.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Page operates.

Local Economy. The City of Page depends on the recreational businesses that serve the visitors that pass through our City during the summer months. The National Park Service estimates that the Page/Lake Powell area received around 3.5 million visitors in 2021, up 46% over 2020 numbers. This is reflection of moving toward the end of the Covid-19 pandemic numbers and their effect on tourism for the Page area. Lake Powell is the center of recreational opportunities for Page. The lake has 1,960 miles of shoreline, which is longer than the entire West Coast of the continental United States. Although the City of Page itself has an estimated population of 7,531, it services the needs of its surrounding communities including an additional 45,000 people within a 75-mile radius.

Since the closure of the Salt River Project Navajo Generating Station (NGS) on November 18, 2019, the tourism service businesses have provided stability and contributions to the Page economy. Many of

P.O. Box 1180, 697 Vista Avenue, Page AZ 86040, (928)-645-4241

these businesses host only seasonal employment jobs that run the months from March through November. We are very grateful to the businesses that have made efforts to remain open and to serve, not only the tourism community, but the local community as well.

Recognizing that NGS will always be remembered as playing a significant role in the local economy, the City is concentrating our efforts to support the future economic vitality of our community through the implementation of our Strategic Plan.

Long-Term Financial Planning. The City of Page is dedicated to enhancing the quality of life for its citizens and to providing municipal services in the most effective and efficient manner while exercising fiscal responsibility.

During FY 2020/2021, the Mayor and Council continued to focus on debt reduction and revenue acquisition.

The City addressed its "bond debt" obligations and was dedicating 85% of 1% of our City Transaction Privilege Tax to be paid toward the Series 2011 Bond debt balance. On July 1, 2021, the City Council completely retired the bond debt for the Series 2011 Bond Debt. In February 2020, Ordinance 668-20 was adopted by Council and 1% of the City Sales Tax revenue is now dedicated to Capital Projects (70%), the Emergency Reserve Fund (15%) and other Long Term Liabilities (15%).

The City of Page's taxable revenue for the General Fund is showing a full recovery from the COVID-19 nationwide lockdown in 2021. This fiscal year was our highest revenue year yet in sales tax revenue, exceeding \$15.1 million this year.

The City of Page saw a slight increase in health insurance cost this year, at around 4% that was absorbed this year. I am continuing to monitor this cost to the City of Page and keep our options open for employee health insurance coverage.

In fiscal year 22/23, we reported 198 full time equivalent employees including the Page Utility Enterprises, which was around an 6.5% increase in workforce from the previous year, replacing around 13 positions that were cut in prior years. In the fiscal year 23/24 budget year, we currently have budgeted for a total of 214 employees between the City of Page and the Page Utility Enterprises. This increases our staffing an additional 7.5% from the prior year. Some of the departments that have seen changes are Fire, Police, Parks & Trails Maintenance, Horseshoe Bend, Recreation, Community Center, Library, Information Technology, and Lake Powell National Golf Course. With these changes the City of Page has positioned itself for continued financial success in the coming years.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year.

ended June 30, 2022. This was awarded to the City of Page, making this the thirteenth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award, in addition to receiving this award from 1992-2001.

In order to be awarded this certificate, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. We believe the current

annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year 2022-23 certificate.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of this report is due to the effective and dedicated efforts of the Finance Department staff. Beyond these efforts, this report is representative of the collaboration and hard work of employees at all levels of the organization; the excellence of the financial administration; and the leadership of the Mayor and City Council. For the efforts of all of these people, we wish to express our sincere gratitude.

Respectfully submitted,

Darren Coldwell City Manager

Linda L. Water

Cour Coffwell

Linda L. Watson

**Finance Director** 

# City of Page

#### Members of City Council

William Diak, Mayor
John Kocjan, Vice Mayor
David Auge
Brian Carey
Theresa Lee
Richard Leightner
Rick Yanke

#### City Appointed Officials

Darren Coldwell City Manager

Joshua Smith *City Attorney* 

Kim Larson *City Clerk* 

Andrew Hettinger City Magistrate

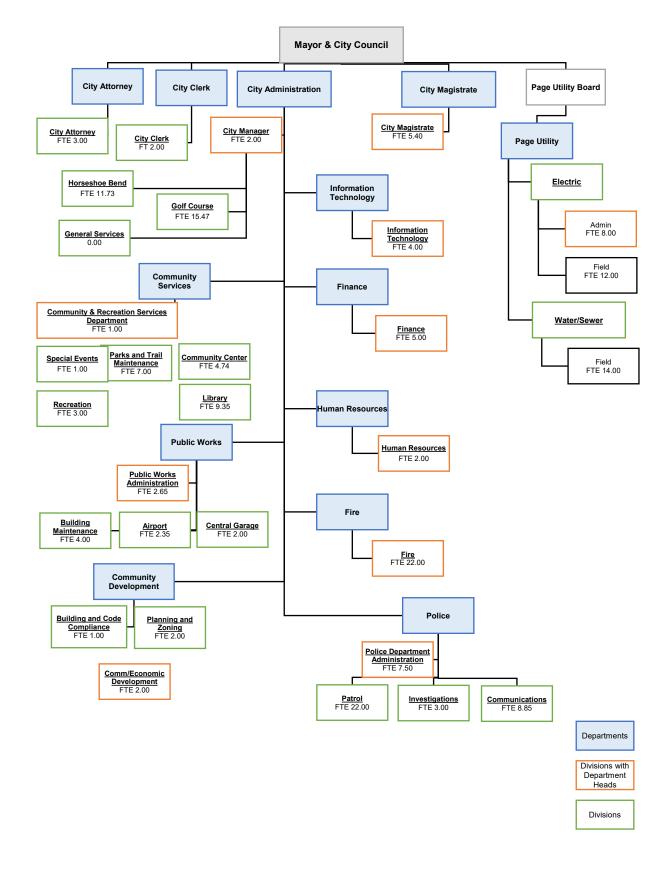
Bryan Hill

Page Utility Enterprises

#### Departments

Airport
Community Development
Community & Recreation Services
Finance
Fire
Human Resources
Information Technology
Police
Public Works

Kyle Christiansen
Tim Suan
Lynn Cormier
Linda Watson
Chief Jeff Reed
Rachell French
Kane Scott
Chief Tim Lange
Kyle Christiansen





# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

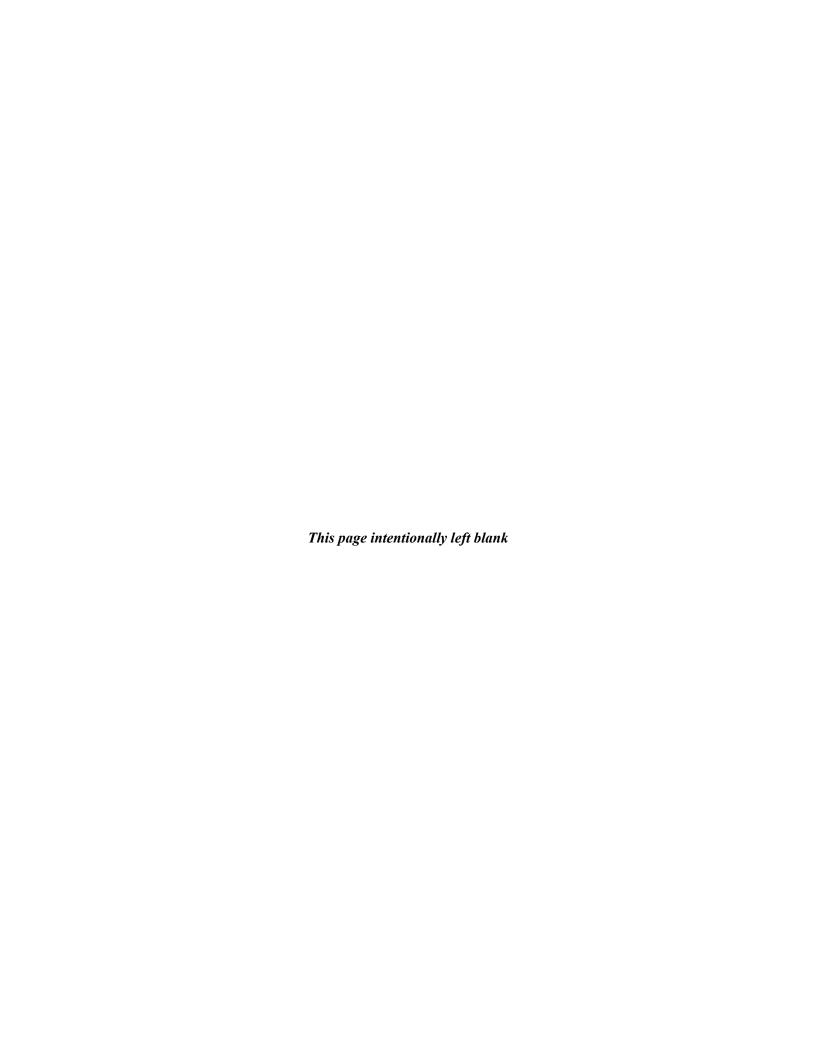
City of Page Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

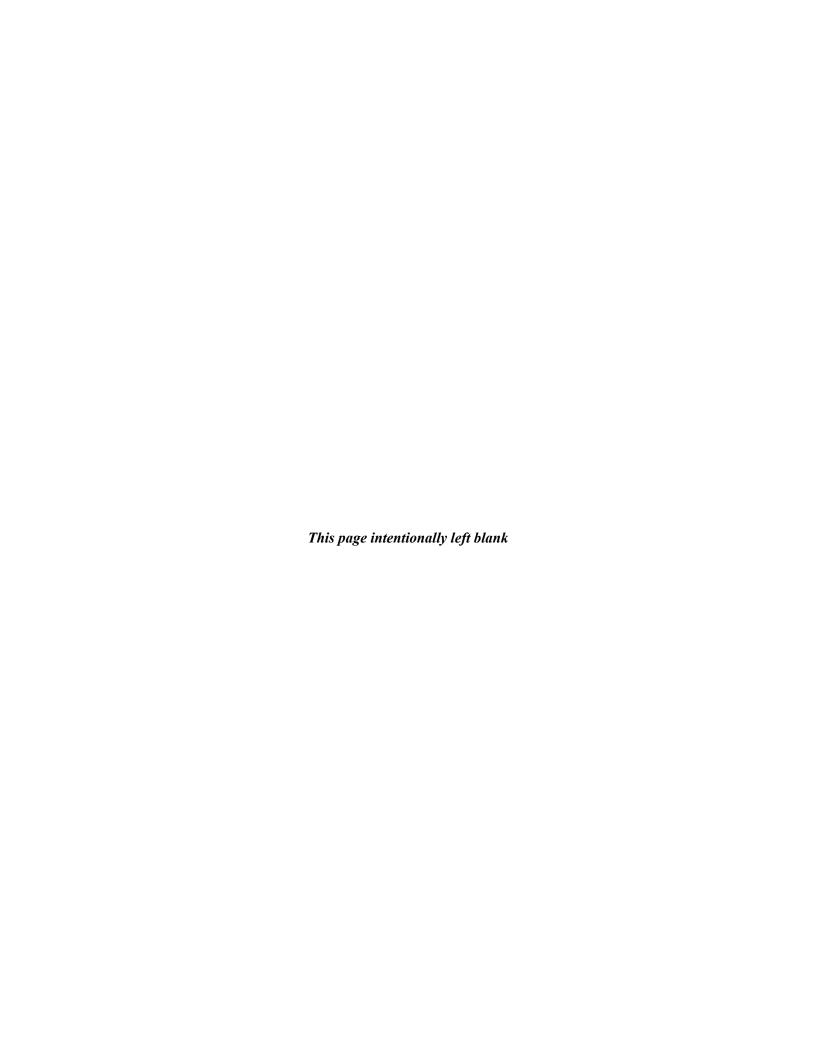
June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Page, Arizona

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Page, Arizona (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2023, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
  such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of the proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liabilities, the schedule of changes in the net pension/OPEB liabilities and related ratios, the schedule of pension/OPEB contributions, and the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion



or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary budgetary comparison schedule for major funds, the nonmajor fund combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary budgetary comparison schedule for major funds, the nonmajor fund combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona December 8, 2023



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#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

As management of the City of Page, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This discussion and analysis is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget) and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The discussion and analysis (MD&A) has a different focus and purpose than the transmittal letter of this report and is designed to be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter as well as the basic financial statements beginning on page 16 and the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position at the close of the fiscal year was \$185,471,658. This amount is comprised of \$118,544,366 in capital assets net of related debt, \$9,744,050 restricted net position and \$58,114,144 in unrestricted net position. This position reflects an overall net increase of \$6,600,095 from prior year and is due primarily to an increase in cash and cash equivalents and capital assets in our Governmental Type Activities and a decrease in other liabilities in both our Governmental and Enterprise Type Activities. We received \$2.1 million more in tax revenue than was budgeted in this year, showing the continued comeback of our tourism economy within our city limits. Due to national economic conditions, we have realized a net decrease in our Net Pension/OPEB asset of nearly \$1.5 million this year. The reporting structure with GASB 68 and the requirement to report long term pension liabilities for both the governmental activities and the business-type activities changes were made in prior year's reporting. This fiscal year we see a total of \$1,139,848 in deferred inflows related to pensions for both Governmental and Business-type Activities. In addition, we see that the deferred inflows related to leases is reporting at \$3,543,951 from the Governmental Activities. These total deferred inflows of resources are reported as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).
- City Sales tax remains the single largest revenue source in the General Fund budget for the City of Page. This fiscal year, city tax revenue increased from last year by \$2.1 million. This increase is a direct result the increase in tourism since prior years dealing with the results of the COVID-19 pandemic. The City has in the past, budgeted conservatively and brought in higher revenues to build our cash reserves. This fiscal year we budgeted to receive tax revenue in the amount of \$13.24 million, and we received \$15.1 million by June 2023. While the hotel category remains the prime driver of the tax revenue in bringing in \$3.97 million, the retail sales and restaurant categories combined pulled in \$5.6 million of the sales tax revenue to the City of Page.
- Regarding capital grants, the City receives various Federal and State funds to support City programs and non-capital items such as bulletproof vests for our police officers; Community Development Block Grants for our community improvements; Northern Arizona Council of Governments (NACOG) assists in funding part of our Community Center Meal Program; and County and State funds are distributed to our local Library. This year we also received \$550,000 from the U.S. Department of Justice for our Drug Court Program. This program has proven to be a very successful program in helping rehabilitate and assist those who are drug dependent and charged with probation offenses.

This fiscal year, the City of Page received federal grant money in the amount of \$2.5M from the federal government under the American Rescue Plan Act. The specific program is the

Coronavirus Local Fiscal Recovery Fund – Non-Entitlement Units. This money was utilized to restore to pre-pandemic employment levels, make improvements with security access across the City and to the Community Center kitchen, park improvements including replacing the playground equipment at John C. Page Memorial Park and a new Fire Pumper Truck with Cardiac Monitor/Defibrillator, tools, & equipment and Welcome Signs.

Once again, the U.S. Department of Transportation has assisted the City of Page with a grant for Essential Air Service for air travel in and out of Page, Arizona. This fiscal year, the City received almost \$4.3 million dollars in federal grant funds for this service.

In addition, the Administrative Office of Courts (AOC) assisted the City of Page with a \$47,300 grant to improve the security at our court building by putting in ballistic windows and doors to make the building more secure.

Finally, the City also received a grant in the amount of \$200,176 from the Arizona State Parks for developing our Red Mesa Rim Trail. This trail adds to the esthetics of the City of Page by providing another option for outdoor recreation for our locals and our visitors alike. This new trail system is open to bicyclists, walkers and hikers and offers three ranges of difficulty to satisfy all fitness levels.

- The City's cash reserves remain an important focus for management and the City Council. Eight years ago, the City Council approved the first investment of \$6 million to be invested outside of the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) in CD's and Government Agency Bonds. As of June 30, 2023, the City had earned a total of \$1.02 million in interest from those outside investments in prior years and 1.54 million in the year ended June 30, 2023. The City Council authorized additional investments to be made over the years for a total investment balance of \$13.4 million. The balance remaining in the City of Page LGIP accounts as of June 30, 2023 was approximately \$11.2 million, with \$876,827 being reserved for Highway User Revenue Fund; \$8.1 million in the General Operating Account, and \$6.6 million in the Horseshoe Bend Account.
- Leases were paid for Golf Course Equipment this year, in the amount of \$49,604. The leases for the patrol vehicles were paid in full in fiscal year 2023 for remaining outstanding amounts totaling \$426,518.78, saving the City of Page \$12,455 in interest. Overall, the total principal on outstanding long-term debt currently held by the City of Page on June 30, 2023 was \$134,650. The Council and City Manager's goal continues to be focused on the reduction of outstanding debt.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements which include the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the City's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the City and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is like the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All the current year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the change in the City's net position. Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's sales tax revenue or condition of the City's roads to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- Government activities All of the City's basic services are governmental activities, including general government, public safety, public works/streets, economic development, culture and recreation, and payment of long-term debt. Sales tax, federal grants, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary activities/Business type activities The City charges a fee to customers that is intended to cover all or most of the cost of the services provided for water, sewer, sanitation, and electricity.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds which aid in the management of money for purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two major kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent soon to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations included with the Basic Financial Statements on pages 16-17.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's combined assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$185.5 million as of June 30, 2023 as shown in the following condensed statement of net position. The City has chosen to account for its Utility operations, Golf and Horseshoe Bend operations in enterprise funds which are shown as Business Activities.

City of Page Statement of Net Position

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Combined Total		
	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
Current and other assets	\$ 51,004,944	\$ 47,344,472	\$ 33,326,911	\$ 36,009,885	\$ 84,331,855	\$ 83,354,357	
Capital assets	80,901,011	77,203,467	37,771,819	38,503,607	118,672,830	115,707,074	
Total assets	131,905,955	124,547,939	71,098,730	74,513,492	203,004,685	199,061,431	
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB	2,235,863	2,169,147	722,804	971,183	2,958,667	3,140,330	
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,235,863	2,169,147	722,804	971,183	2,958,667	3,140,330	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	6,176,990	4,590,868	3,842,473	3,328,713	10,019,463	7,919,581	
Other liabilities	2,375,782	3,831,992	3,412,650	3,479,980	5,788,432	7,311,972	
Total liabilities	8,552,772	8,422,860	7,255,123	6,808,693	15,807,895	15,231,553	
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB	916,475	3,640,374	223,373	1,168,500	1,139,848	4,808,874	
Deferred inflows related to leases	3,543,951	3,288,503			3,543,951	3,288,503	
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,460,426	6,928,877	223,373	1,168,500	4,683,799	8,097,377	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	80,901,011	76,771,123	37,643,355	38,305,688	118,544,366	115,076,811	
Restricted	9,619,411	10,103,029	124,639	-	9,744,050	10,103,029	
Unrestricted	30,608,198	24,491,197	26,575,044	29,201,794	57,183,242	53,692,991	
Total net position	\$ 121,128,620	\$ 111,365,349	\$ 64,343,038	\$ 67,507,482	\$ 185,471,658	\$ 178,872,831	

The City has \$203 million in total assets, with \$118 million in capital assets (net of depreciation). The City's water, sewer, sanitation, electric enterprise and Golf and Horseshoe Bend operations are included in the Business-type activities column. These operations are capital intensive, using a large portion of their resources to maintain and replace major equipment and facilities.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's programs include: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works/Streets, Economic Development, Community Support, Culture and Recreation, Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Electric, Golf and Horseshoe Bend. Each programs' net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) is presented in the following table – Changes in Net Position. The net cost shows the extent to which the City's general taxes support each of the City's programs.

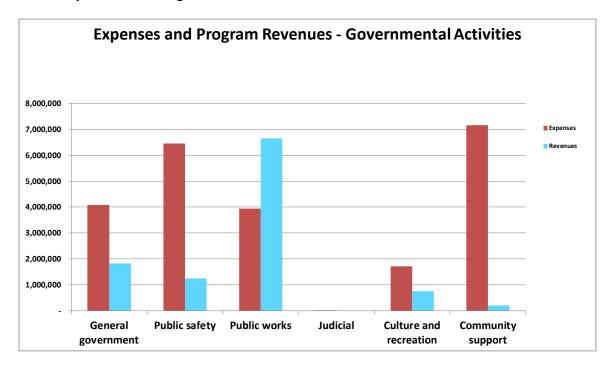
#### City of Page Changes in Net Position

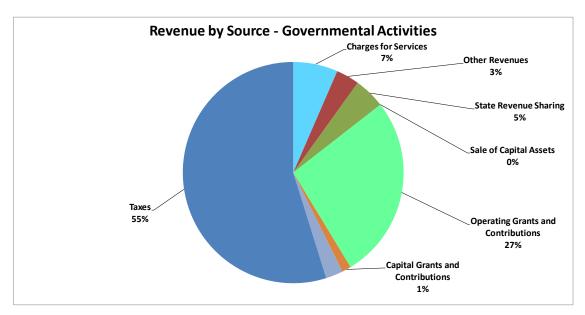
	G	Governmental activities			Business-type activities				Combined Total			
	6/30/2023	3	6	5/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022		6/30/2023			6/30/2022	
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 2,010,7	32	\$	1,941,041	\$ 20,011,695	\$	18,672,911	\$	22,022,427	\$	20,613,952	
Operating grants and												
contributions	8,256,8	33		6,671,846	-		-		8,256,833		6,671,846	
Capital grants and												
contributions	411,1	48		440,459	54,324		-		465,472		440,459	
General revenues:												
Taxes	16,868,9	78		15,283,009	-		-		16,868,978		15,283,009	
State revenue sharing	1,399,0	49		981,403	-		-		1,399,049		981,403	
Investment Income	775,6	11		(146,481)	746,966		32,616		1,522,577		(113,865)	
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of asset	102,9	48		-	37,921		1,800		140,869		1,800	
Other revenue/(expense)	1,045,2	97		90,417	-				1,045,297		90,417	
Total revenues	30,870,5	96		25,261,694	20,850,906		18,707,327		51,721,502		43,969,021	
Expenses:												
General government	4,084,2	24		3,164,721	-		-		4,084,224		3,164,721	
Public safety	6,458,6	00		5,824,832	-		-		6,458,600		5,824,832	
Public works/Streets	3,945,2	18		4,264,878	-		-		3,945,218		4,264,878	
Judicial	7,1	14		9,649	-		-		7,114		9,649	
Culture and recreation	1,717,8	17		1,333,513	-		-		1,717,817		1,333,513	
Community support	7,156,6	03		5,309,658	-		-		7,156,603		5,309,658	
Interest on long-term debt	4,9	61		14,779	-		-		4,961		14,779	
Water		-		-	1,789,388		1,853,181		1,789,388		1,853,181	
Sewer		-		-	1,666,189		1,620,118		1,666,189		1,620,118	
Sanitation		-		-	898,646		812,728		898,646		812,728	
Electric		-		=	14,623,431		10,929,498		14,623,431		10,929,498	
Golf		-		-	1,592,497		1,439,084		1,592,497		1,439,084	
Horseshoe Bend				-	 1,177,987		1,268,940		1,177,987		1,268,940	
Total expenses	23,374,5	37		19,922,030	21,748,138		17,923,549		45,122,675		37,845,579	
Increase (Decrease) in net position												
before transfers	7,496,0	59		5,339,664	(897,232)		783,778		6,598,827		6,123,442	
Transfers	2,267,2	12		1,550,903	(2,267,212)		(1,550,903)		-		-	
Change in net position	9,763,2	71		6,890,567	 (3,164,444)		(767,125)		6,598,827		6,123,442	
Net position, beginning	111,365,3		1	04,474,782	67,507,482		68,278,921		178,872,831		172,753,703	
Prior period adjustment		-		-	-		(4,314)		-		(4,314)	
Net position, ending	\$ 121,128,6	20	\$ 1	11,365,349	\$ 64,343,038	\$	67,507,482	\$	185,471,658	\$	178,872,831	

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$23.37 million, while the cost of all business-type activities totaled \$21.74 million, bringing the total expenses for the government to \$45.12 million. The cost of the governmental activities was financed by general and other revenues which are primarily made up of the tax collections and state shared revenues received by the City that total \$18.27 million. The balance was funded from revenues collected by the City for fees, charges and grant funds.

The business-type activities expenses were funded by service fees charges for water, sewer, electric, sanitation services and fees for Golf and Horseshoe Bend. The total revenue received for the business-type activities during the year was \$20 million, which is \$1.3 million more than the prior year. The increase in revenues is mainly from the \$1.34 million increase in charges for services which was largely due to the increase of visitation at Horseshoe Bend and the revenue the parking fees generated. Total expenses for the business-type activities of \$21.74 million are \$3.8 million more than the prior year which is mainly due to an increase in power costs of \$3.7 million.

The following graphs compare program expenses to program revenues and provide a breakdown of revenues by source for all government activities.



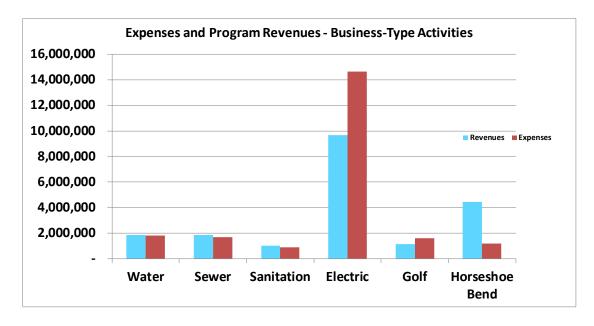


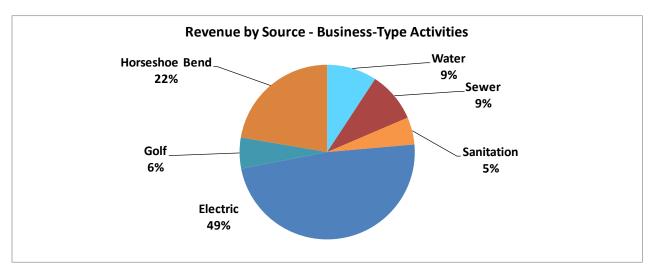
#### **Business Type Activities**

The net position of the Business Type activities on June 30, 2023, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position, was \$64.34 million. The cost of providing all Business Type activities this year was \$21.74 million. As shown in the statement of Changes in Net Position, the amounts paid by users of the system were \$20.01 million reflecting a \$1.34 million increase in revenue from the prior year. The Net Position decreased by \$3.16 million.

In May 2012, the Mayor and Council passed Ordinance 588-12 which provided for the City Code Chapter 2, Article 8 to be amended and the creation of Page Utility Enterprises to manage the Water and Sewer Utilities as well as Electric, starting on July 1, 2012. Residential sanitation services are provided by Republic Services through a contract with the City of Page and billed through the Utility.

Fiscal year 2022-23 was not a good year for the Electric Utility as the cost of purchased power rose significantly. However, infrastructure improvements did continue, and these two factors combined resulted in a decrease in cash reserves. Management was able to continue with its ambitious five-year plan to modernize the infrastructure of both the Water and Sewer Utilities.





#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Page uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spend-able resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Page's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of Governmental Funds reported by the City, include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Page's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$44.90 million, an increase of \$6.2 million in comparison with the prior year. In looking at all of the Governmental Funds for the fiscal year 2023, the City can realize that the increase of \$6.20 million in fund balance is primarily due to the increase of General Fund Investment balance by 8 million. Within our General Fund, the City realized \$1.6 million more in sales tax revenue that was received over the prior year making the fund balance increase. The Capital Projects fund balance decreased \$1 million this year from prior year due the completion of major projects and purchase of capital assets. These additional expenditures have been planned, with fund balance set aside for this purpose in prior years. The City's Storm Drain Project was completed, as was the Aqua Ave Improvement project. Capital Project expenditures were within budgeted amounts. Approximately 71.95% of this total amount or \$33.3 million constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for new spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is non-spendable, restricted or committed because it has already been committed 1) to pay our PSPRS unfunded liability, 2) to pay for capital improvements or 3) for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Page. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance in the General Fund was \$33.40 million, all of which is unassigned. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represents 233% of total general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2023.

The Highway User Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$892,980, all of which is restricted for road and street construction and improvements. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year was \$700,622. The current year Highway User revenues were nearly all utilized for current year street and road maintenance that was completed throughout the City of Page.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information found in the Government-wide Financial Statements, but in more detail. At the end of the fiscal year, the unrestricted component of the net position had positive balances for all proprietary funds, Electric, Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Horseshoe Bend, and the newest addition, the Golf Fund.

Revenues and transfers in were less than expenses and transfers out in the proprietary funds by \$3.16 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This reflects an overall decrease in net position of 4.7% from prior year. Horseshoe Bend saw an increase in net position of \$1.02 million. This increase is primarily due to the increase in tourism to our community and realized through parking fees for our venue. The Golf fund reported a net position of \$1.26 million, a decrease of \$440,902. This decrease is a result of the increase in wages and related employee benefits, and other supplies and service costs with and low increase in Service Fees from the Golf Course.

The Electric Utility Fund reduced its fund balance by approximately \$4.35 million because of the significant increase in the cost of purchased power which was not passed on to the customers this year. The annual replacement of the direct buried electric cable continued. In the Water & Sewer Funds, there were multiple

major projects underway including the Sunrise/Sage Upgrade, among other completed projects for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the City. Budgetary comparison statements are required for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds. These statements compare the original adopted budget, the budget if amended throughout the fiscal year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis.

General Fund actual revenues for the year were \$21.89 million. The amount budgeted for the year was \$19.31 million showing an excess in revenue of \$2.58 million from budget. The variance in budget to actual numbers is caused by the overall General Fund revenues exceeding the budgeted numbers for the year. This in combination with receiving more city sales tax revenue than we projected, made up the difference in the variance. Actual expenditures of \$14.29 million were 85.6% of the budgeted expenditures of \$16.69 million. Actual expenditures were less than budget by \$2.40 million. The variance in budget was primarily due unspent funds in all of the cities departments.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The capital assets of the City are those assets that are used in performance of City functions, including infrastructure assets. Capital Assets include equipment, vehicles, buildings, land, park facilities and roads. At the end of fiscal year 2023, net capital assets of the government activities totaled \$80.90 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$37.77 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-Wide financial statement. (See note 6 of the financial statements).

#### **Debt**

At year-end, the City had \$0 in governmental long-term liabilities outstanding, not including compensated absences of \$959,107 and the net pension liability of \$5.84 million. These are liability of the government and includes the City's lease obligations when applicable. The City's governmental long-term debt again decreased during the current fiscal year. (See note 7 to the financial statements for detailed descriptions on all debt outstanding.)

#### NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City of Page, Arizona as well as other Arizona cities, remains dependent on state shared revenues and local sales taxes for resources. These revenue sources are economically sensitive taxes and subject to slowdowns in the economy and legislative appropriations.

The City maintains that is has an important responsibility to its citizens to carefully account for public funds, to manage its finances wisely, and to plan for the adequate funding of services desired by the public, including the provision and maintenance of public facilities. In these times of major changes in federal and state policies toward local government and the recovery in the City's tax base, the City needs to ensure that it is capable of adequately funding and providing those government services desired by the community.

The City has adopted a Financial Management Policy which establishes guidelines for the City's overall fiscal planning and management. These principles are intended to foster and support the continued financial strength and stability of the City of Page as reflected in its financial goals.

The City Council set the following guidelines for their Strategic Goals and Priorities for FY 2022 through FY 2027 Budget years. These guidelines continue to be followed today:

#### **Community Development:**

Goal: Implement economic development processes that assist in the development of a strong local economy; protect neighborhoods from blighting and deteriorating conditions that have a negative impact on area property values; and encourage residents and business owner's efforts to maintain the physical environment through standards set in local ordinances.

#### **Fiscal Stability:**

Goal: Operate in a fiscally prudent manner, assuring the most efficient expenditure of public funds.

#### **High Performing Organization:**

Goal: To create an environment that supports transparency, communication, and engaged, high performing employees; enable the City to recruit, retain and compete for talent; and ensure retention of institutional knowledge.

#### **Improving Infrastructure:**

Goal: Maintain and improve critical City infrastructure, including streets, sidewalks, parks, trails and facilities to support economic growth and improve quality of life in Page.

#### **Quality of Life:**

Goal: Maximize resources that enhance the quality of life for our residents and visitors.

The City established an Emergency Reserve Fund and set the minimum cash reserve for General Fund operations at \$8 million, per Resolution 1229-19. This reserve must be obtained while maintaining the capital and ongoing operation needs of the community. The adopted fiscal year 2022-2023 budget for the entire City of Page is \$65,481,971, which includes capital projects of \$16.65 million.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the use of public funds. Questions about any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City of Page, Finance Director, P.O. Box 1180, Page, AZ 86040.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,309,217	\$ 30,357,298	\$ 52,666,515
Investments	18,894,397	-	18,894,397
Receivables (net of allowance)	6,956,388	1,340,870	8,297,258
Prepaid expenses	· · · · -	604,701	604,701
Inventories	-	1,837,916	1,837,916
Net pension/OPEB asset	806,263	124,639	930,902
Internal balances	1,992,427	(1,992,427)	_
Restricted assets (temporarily restricted):			
Cash and cash equivalents	46,252	1,053,914	1,100,166
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Land and improvements	45,320,889	63,000	45,383,889
Construction in progress	1,423,255	581,285	2,004,540
Buildings and improvements	10,222,080	17,809,018	28,031,098
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	3,535,319	4,785,977	8,321,296
Infrastructure	20,399,468	-	20,399,468
Distribution systems	-	14,436,005	14,436,005
Leased right-to-use asset	-	96,534	96,534
Total assets	131,905,955	71,098,730	203,004,685
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB	2,235,863	722,804	2,958,667
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,235,863	722,804	2,958,667
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,747,731	1,953,162	3,700,893
Customer deposits	-	1,053,914	1,053,914
Unearned revenue	4,631	-	4,631
Noncurrent liabilities:	,		,
Due within one year	623,420	405,574	1,028,994
Due in more than one year	335,687	226,681	562,368
Net pension/OPEB liability	5,841,303	3,615,792	9,457,095
Total liabilities	8,552,772	7,255,123	15,807,895
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB	916,475	223,373	1,139,848
Deferred inflows related to leases	3,543,951	-	3,543,951
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,460,426	223,373	4,683,799
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	80,901,011	37,643,355	118,544,366
Restricted for:			
Pension/OPEB	806,263	124,639	930,902
Capital projects	7,111,843	-	7,111,843
Highways and streets	892,980	-	892,980
Perpetual care - expendable	397,477	-	397,477
Community support and other	410,848	-	410,848
Unrestricted	30,608,198	26,575,044	57,183,242
Total net position	\$ 121,128,620	\$ 64,343,038	\$ 185,471,658
1			

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

## Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Pro	gram Revenue	6		N	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 4,084,224	\$ 157,248	\$	1,675,188	\$	-	\$	(2,251,788)	\$ -	\$	(2,251,788)
Public safety	6,458,600	922,454		322,809		<del>-</del>		(5,213,337)	-		(5,213,337)
Public works	3,945,218	841,688		5,594,896		210,514		2,701,880	-		2,701,880
Judicial	7,114	<del>-</del>		-		<del>-</del>		(7,114)	-		(7,114)
Culture and recreation	1,717,817	77,717		522,517		146,788		(970,795)	-		(970,795)
Community support	7,156,603	11,625		141,423		53,846		(6,949,709)	=		(6,949,709)
Interest on long-term debt	4,961							(4,961)			(4,961)
Total governmental activities	23,374,537	2,010,732		8,256,833		411,148		(12,695,824)			(12,695,824)
Business-type activities:											
Water	1,789,388	1,845,664		-		-		-	56,276		56,276
Sewer	1,666,189	1,866,191		-		-		-	200,002		200,002
Sanitation	898,646	1,012,653		-		-		-	114,007		114,007
Electric	14,623,431	9,672,489		-		54,324		-	(4,896,618)		(4,896,618)
Golf	1,592,497	1,151,595		-		-		-	(440,902)		(440,902)
Horseshoe Bend	1,177,987	4,463,103		-		-		-	3,285,116		3,285,116
Total business-type activities	21,748,138	20,011,695		-		54,324			(1,682,119)		(1,682,119)
Total primary government	\$ 45,122,675	\$ 22,022,427	\$	8,256,833	\$	465,472		(12,695,824)	(1,682,119)		(14,377,943)
	General Revenues	:									
	Taxes:										
	City sales tax							15,118,831	-		15,118,831
	Franchise tax							245,078	-		245,078
	State sales tax (u							1,090,180	-		1,090,180
	Auto lieu tax (un							414,889	-		414,889
		aring (unrestricted)						1,399,049	-		1,399,049
		estment earnings (lo	sses)					775,611	746,966		1,522,577
	Gain on sale of	-						102,948	37,921		140,869
	Other general re	venues						1,045,297	- (2.267.212)		1,045,297
	Transfers	0 0						2,267,212	(2,267,212)	-	-
	_	revenues & transfers						22,459,095	(1,482,325)		20,976,770
	Change in no							9,763,271	(3,164,444)		6,598,827
	Net position - beg							111,365,349	67,507,482	_	178,872,831
	Net position - end	ing					\$	121,128,620	\$ 64,343,038	\$	185,471,658

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Balance Sheet

# Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		General	]	Highway User Fund	Airport Fund		
Assets	•						
Cash and cash equivalents	1	1,734,057.25	\$	876,827	\$	2,472,173	
Investments		18,894,397		-		-	
Leases receivable		-		-		3,543,951	
Other receivables		141,047		-		11,268	
Due from other funds		1,265,939		-		-	
Due from other governments		2,218,499		94,808		252,555	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		21,117				25,135	
Total assets	\$	34,275,056	\$	971,635	\$	6,305,082	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	594,582	\$	30,590	\$	9,683	
Accrued liabilities	_	296,203	•	-	*	5,736	
Deposits payable		21,117		-		25,135	
Due to other funds		371		48,065		-	
Unearned revenue		4,631		-		-	
Total liabilities		916,904		78,655		40,554	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>							
Deferred inflows related to leases						3,543,951	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-				3,543,951	
Fund Balances							
Restricted:							
Roads and highways		-		892,980		-	
Perpetual care - expendable		-		-		-	
Public safety - substance abuse funds		-		-		-	
Community support		-		-		-	
Committed:							
Public works		-		-		2,720,577	
Judicial		-		-		-	
Assigned:							
Capital outlay		-		-		-	
Unassigned		33,358,152				-	
Total fund balances		33,358,152		892,980		2,720,577	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	34,275,056	\$	971,635	\$	6,305,082	

	Grants Fund		Capital Projects Fund		onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	140,000	\$	6,625,492	\$	460,668	\$	22,309,217
	-		-		-		18,894,397 3,543,951
	35,400		_		10,420		198,135
	-		774,554		371		2,040,864
	602,919		45,034		486		3,214,301
	, -		-		-		46,252
\$	778,319	\$	7,445,080	\$	471,945	\$	50,247,117
\$	426,844	\$	333,237	\$	3,049	\$	1,397,985
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,555	Ψ	303,494
	-		-		, -		46,252
	-		-		-		48,436
			_				4,631
	426,844		333,237		4,604		1,800,798
							3,543,951
							3,543,951
							892,980
	_		_		397,477		397,477
	_		-		39,702		39,702
	351,475		-		19,671		371,146
	_		_		-		2,720,577
	-		-		10,491		10,491
	-		7,111,843		-		7,111,843
	251 475		7 111 042		167 241		33,358,152
	351,475		7,111,843		467,341		44,902,368
\$	778,319	\$	7,445,080	\$	471,945	\$	50,247,117

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# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

## Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 44,902,368
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 118,549,801 (37,648,790)	
Net OPEB asset is not an available resource and, therefore is not reported in the funds.		80,901,011 806,263
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Deferred outflows  Deferred inflows	\$ 2,235,863 (916,475)	
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net pension/OPEB liability	\$ (959,107) (5,841,303)	1,319,388 (6,800,410)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 121,128,620

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General		ighway User Fund		Airport Fund
Revenues	 	·			
Taxes	\$ 15,363,909	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees	229,110		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue	3,363,718		916,086		301,378
Charges for services	913,039		-		94,177
Fines and forfeitures	186,021		-		-
Lease revenue	-		-		409,172
Investment earnings (loss)	683,451		21,704		-
Land and asset sales	102,948		-		-
Other revenues	1,051,468		-		140,305
Total revenues	21,893,664		937,790		945,032
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	3,893,066		-		-
Public safety	6,683,562		-		-
Public works	1,593,668		221,249		386,706
Judicial	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	1,429,668		-		-
Community support	693,482		-		-
Capital outlay	-		-		-
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-		-
Interest	 				-
Total expenditures	 14,293,446		221,249		386,706
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 7,600,218		716,541		558,326
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	2,967,277		-		-
Transfers out	(3,359,480)		(15,919)		(276,563)
Total other financing sources and uses	(392,203)		(15,919)	,	(276,563)
Net change in fund balances	7,208,015		700,622		281,763
Fund balances, beginning of year	 26,150,137		192,358		2,438,814
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 33,358,152	\$	892,980	\$	2,720,577

Grants Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,363,909
-	-	-	229,110
6,705,721	216,359	7,492	11,510,754
-	-	38,414	1,045,630
-	-	-	186,021
-	-	-	409,172
-	70,449	7	775,611
-	-	-	102,948
		55,668	1,247,441
6,705,721	286,808	101,581	30,870,596
-	-	-	3,893,066
161,929	-	5,941	6,851,432
150,953	-	-	2,352,576
-	-	6,936	6,936
429,530	-	11,867	1,871,065
6,079,712	4 600 000	81,743	6,854,937
-	4,680,088	-	4,680,088
-	426,847	-	426,847
	4,961		4,961
6,822,124	5,111,896	106,487	26,941,908
(116,403)	(4,825,088)	(4,906)	3,928,688
-	3,840,030	-	6,807,307
(31,030)		(857,102)	(4,540,094)
(31,030)	3,840,030	(857,102)	2,267,213
(147,433)	(985,058)	(862,008)	6,195,901
498,908	8,096,901	1,329,349	38,706,467
\$ 351,475	\$ 7,111,843	\$ 467,341	\$ 44,902,368

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To The Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between depreciation expense and capital outlays in the current period.  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Depreciation expense Depreciation expense The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, donations, and disposals) is a decrease in net position.  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between depreciation expense and capital outlays in the current period.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, donations, and disposals) is a decrease in net position.  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.  Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions  Pension/OPEB contributions  Pension/OPEB expense  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 6,195,901
Depreciation expense (2,488,640)  The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, donations, and disposals) is a decrease in net position.  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.  Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid 432,344  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions \$ 945,946 Pension/OPEB expense (1,529,261)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between depreciation		
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, donations, and disposals) is a decrease in net position.  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid  432,344  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions  Pension/OPEB expense  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
sales, donations, and disposals) is a decrease in net position.  (295,498)  The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.  Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid  432,344  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions  Pension/OPEB expense  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			3,993,042
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long- term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.  Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  Principal paid  432,344  Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(295,498)
Pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions  Pension/OPEB expense  \$ 945,946 (1,529,261)  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.  Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in		
made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the  Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.  Pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense  \$ 945,946 (1,529,261)  (583,315)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  20,797	Principal paid		432,344
Pension/OPEB expense (1,529,261)  Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 20,797	made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  20,797		•	(583,315)
expenditures in governmental funds.  20,797	Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not		
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 9,763,271	1		20,797
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 9,763,271

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# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

# Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		orseshoe Bend	Water	Sewer
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,691,390	\$ 7,511,602	\$ 4,648,934
Receivables, net of allowance		_	228,884	192,626
Inventories		_	187,114	150,794
Prepaid expenses		_	1,563	7,673
Total current assets		1,691,390	7,929,163	5,000,027
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash		_	127,235	_
Net pension/OPEB asset		13,169	18,419	13,739
Capital assets:		15,105	10,.15	10,700
Land		_	_	_
Construction-in-progress		250,708	5,161	33,638
Buildings and improvements		3,607,972	4,003,103	4,545,961
Machinery, equipment, vehicles		302,066	1,996,651	4,683,361
Distribution system		-	18,310,315	11,014,426
Leased right-to-use asset		_	-	-
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		(503,339)	(17,855,322)	(16,076,135)
Total noncurrent assets		3,670,576	6,605,562	4,214,990
Total assets		5,361,966	14,534,725	9,215,017
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB		76,369	106,812	79,677
Total deferred outflows of resources		76,369	 106,812	 79,677
Liabilities		, 0,00	 ,	 ,,,,,,,
Current liabilities: Accounts payable		27,083	223,818	69,570
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		17,996	44,479	09,370
Customer deposits		17,990	127,235	-
Due to other funds		1,355,794	127,233	
Current portion of long-term liabilities		13,709	33,442	54,454
Total current liabilities				 
		1,414,582	 428,974	 124,024
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Notes payable (net of current portion)		-	-	-
Leases payable (net of current portion)		7.201	10.007	- 20.222
Compensated absences		7,381	18,007	29,322
Net pension/OPEB liability	-	382,031	 534,323	 398,579
Total noncurrent liabilities		389,412	 552,330	 427,901
Total liabilities		1,803,994	 981,304	 551,925
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB		23,601	33,009	24,623
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,601	33,009	24,623
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		3,657,407	6,459,908	4,201,251
Restricted for:		-,,,	-, , - 0 0	.,_ , 1, 201
Pension/OPEB		13,169	18,419	13,739
Other purposes		- ,	-,	
Unrestricted		(59,836)	7,148,897	4,503,156
Total net position	\$	3,610,740	\$ 13,627,224	\$ 8,718,146

Electric	Golf	Sanitation (non-major)	Total
\$ 15,302,653	\$ -	\$ 1,202,719	\$ 30,357,298
822,563	-	96,797	1,340,870
1,500,008	-	-	1,837,916
595,465			604,701
18,220,689		1,299,516	34,140,785
926,679	_	_	1,053,914
58,618	20,694	-	124,639
63,000	_	_	63,000
231,890	59,888	_	581,285
15,327,671	7,637,531	_	35,122,238
6,630,024	495,566	_	14,107,668
30,076,177	· -	-	59,400,918
-	215,995	-	215,995
(31,490,921)	(5,793,568)	-	(71,719,285)
21,823,138	2,636,106		38,950,372
40,043,827	2,636,106	1,299,516	73,091,157
339,934	120,012	_	722,804
339,934	120,012		722,804
07.052	27, 280	70.749	1 402 661
967,053 431,736	36,389 55,290	79,748	1,403,661 549,501
926,679	33,290	-	1,053,914
13,986	622,647	_	1,992,427
211,724	92,245	_	405,574
2,551,178	806,571	79,748	5,405,077
-	750	-	750
-	49,604	-	49,604
114,005	7,612	-	176,327
1,700,503	600,356		3,615,792
1,814,508	658,322	-	3,842,473
4,365,686	1,464,893	79,748	9,247,550
105,052	37,088	-	223,373
105,052	37,088		223,373
	<u> </u>		
20,837,841	2,486,948	-	37,643,355
58,618	20,694	<del>-</del>	124,639
15,016,564	(1,253,505)	1,219,768	26,575,044
\$ 35,913,023	\$ 1,254,137	\$ 1,219,768	\$ 64,343,038

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Horseshoe Bend	Water	Sewer
Operating revenues			
Service fees Other revenues	\$ 4,463,103	\$ 1,839,842 5,822	\$ 1,866,191
Total operating revenues	4,463,103	1,845,664	1,866,191
Operating expenses			
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Insurance Service, supplies and other Power costs Contract services Depreciation and amortization  Total operating expenses  Operating income (loss)	358,898 106,225 - 204,546 - 264,751 132,961 1,067,381 3,395,722	402,823 215,295 35,295 472,658 - 45,773 617,544 1,789,388 56,276	461,816 163,163 35,295 486,660 - 2,500 516,755 1,666,189 200,002
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		,	
Interest income Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(110,606)	156,191 - 70	70,318
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(110,606)	156,261	70,318
Income (loss) before transfers	3,285,116	212,537	270,320
Capital contributions Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds  Change in net position	(2,267,212) 1,017,904	212,537	270,320
Total net position, beginning of year	2,592,836	13,414,687	8,447,826
Total net position, end of year	\$ 3,610,740	\$ 13,627,224	\$ 8,718,146

Electric	Golf	Sanitation (non-major)	Total
\$ 9,672,489	9 \$ 1,151,595	\$ 1,012,653	\$ 20,005,873 5,822
9,672,489	1,151,595	1,012,653	20,011,695
1,108,454 496,970 23,53 188,940	238,137 1 11,239 6 463,073	- - - 8,869	2,855,739 1,219,790 105,360 1,824,752
11,386,45 146,769 1,272,310	10,356	889,777 	11,386,451 1,359,926 2,816,291
14,623,43	1,523,274	898,646	21,568,309
(4,950,942	(371,679)	114,007	(1,556,614)
510,374 37,85	(16,153)	10,083	746,966 (126,759) (15,149)
548,225	(69,223)	10,083	605,058
(4,402,71	7) (440,902)	124,090	(951,556)
54,324	- 	-	54,324
	<u> </u>		(2,267,212)
(4,348,393	3) (440,902)	124,090	(3,164,444)
40,261,410	1,695,039	1,095,678	67,507,482
\$ 35,913,023	\$ 1,254,137	\$ 1,219,768	\$ 64,343,038

## CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Types For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Horseshoe Bend	Water	Sewer
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Cash received from customers, service fees	\$ 4,463,103	\$ 1,859,562	\$ 1,871,444
Cash received from other operating revenues	-	5,822	-
Cash paid to suppliers	(449,121)	(543,001)	(506,877)
Cash paid to employees	(496,757)	(576,245)	(611,089)
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,517,225	746,138	753,478
Cash Flows From Noncapital Activities:			
Transfers (to) / from other funds	(2,267,212)	-	-
Payments (to) from other funds	(900,257)		
Net cash flows from noncapital activities	(3,167,469)		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Interest paid	(110,606)	-	-
Purchase of capital assets	(82,034)	(277,321)	(366,421)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	70	-
Principal payments on notes payable	-	-	-
Principal payments on lease liabilities			
Net cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities:	(192,640)	(277,251)	(366,421)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:			
Interest on investments		156,191	70,318
Net cash flows from investing activities		156,191	70,318
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	157,116	625,078	457,375
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,534,274	7,013,759	4,191,559
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,691,390	\$ 7,638,837	\$ 4,648,934
Reconciliation to statement of net position:			
Cash and cash equivalents, unrestricted	\$ 1,691,390	\$ 7,511,602	\$ 4,648,934
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	127,235	-
Total	\$ 1,691,390	\$ 7,638,837	\$ 4,648,934
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided by operating activities:			
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 3,395,722	\$ 56,276	\$ 200,002
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net			
cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation/amortization	132,961	617,544	516,755
Pension/OPEB expense	(240)	86,135	28,616
Employer pension/OPEB contributions	(36,012)	(50,367)	(37,571)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		10.720	5.252
(Increase) Decrease in receivables	-	19,720	5,253
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	(2)	(4.717)
(Increase) Decrease in inventories	10.000	800	(4,717)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	18,980	41,331	17,313
Increase (Decrease) in compensated absences Increase (Decrease) in accrued liabilities	4,618 1,196	6,105	22,845 4,982
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 3,517,225	\$ 746,138	\$ 753,478
	Ψ 3,311,223	ψ / 10,130	<i>ψ</i> 133,110
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	¢	¢	¢
Contributions of capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Electric	Golf	Sanitation (non-major)	Total
\$ 9,755,826	\$ 1,151,595	\$ 1,002,036	\$ 20,103,566
-	-	-	5,822
(11,768,975)	(461,754)	(890,517)	(14,620,245)
(1,756,038)	(740,366)		(4,180,495)
(3,769,187)	(50,525)	111,519	1,308,648
_	_	_	(2,267,212)
1,623,216	246,711	-	969,670
1,623,216	246,711	_	(1,297,542)
-	(16,153)	-	(126,759)
(1,254,101)	(110,578)	-	(2,090,455)
45,056	-	-	45,126
-	(25,440)	-	(25,440)
	(44,015)		(44,015)
(1,209,045)	(196,186)		(2,241,543)
510,374	-	10,083	746,966
510,374		10,083	746,966
(2,844,642)		121,602	(1,483,471)
19,073,974		1,081,117	32,894,683
\$ 16,229,332	\$ -	\$ 1,202,719	\$ 31,411,212
ψ 10,223,332	Ψ	Ψ 1,202,713	Ψ 31,111,212
\$ 15,302,653	\$ -	\$ 1,202,719	\$ 30,357,298
926,679			1,053,914
\$ 16,229,332	\$ -	\$ 1,202,719	\$ 31,411,212
\$ (4,950,942)	\$ (371,679)	\$ 114,007	\$ (1,556,614)
1,272,310	276,721	_	2,816,291
18,302	77,175	-	209,988
(160,295)	(56,592)	-	(340,837)
83,337	-	(10,617)	97,693
223,204	-	-	223,202
(77,327)	-	-	(81,244)
(363,635)	(6,612)	8,129	(284,494)
(8,621)	936	-	25,883
194,480	29,526	<del>-</del>	198,780
\$ (3,769,187)	\$ (50,525)	\$ 111,519	\$ 1,308,648
\$ 54,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 54,324

## CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

Accesto	Fir	olunteer efighters' Pension
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	556,590
Miscellaneous receivables		3,296
Total assets		559,886
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		-
Total liabilities		-
Net position		
Restricted for pensions	\$	559,886

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA

# Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fir	olunteer efighters' Pension
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	814
Employee		1,717
State fire insurance premium		21,375
Other		3,296
Total contributions		27,202
Investment income		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		43,543
Interest		19,577
Net investment earnings (loss)		63,120
Total additions		90,322
Deductions		
Benefits		44,563
Administration		2,880
Total deductions		47,443
Net increase (decrease)		42,879
Net position held in trust for pension benefits:		
Beginning of year		517,007
End of year	\$	559,886

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Description of government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, when applicable, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

## **Reporting Entity**

The City of Page, Arizona (the City) was incorporated March 1, 1975, under the provisions of Article 13, Sections 1 through 6, of the Constitution of Arizona and Title 9 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The accompanying financial statements present all activities of the City. The City has no separate component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable that would be combined to form the City's reporting entity.

#### Basis of presentation – government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are franchise taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's electric functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

#### Basis of presentation – fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The **Highway User Revenue Fund** accounts for the City's share of motor fuel tax revenues and lottery proceeds which are restricted for the maintaining, repairing, and upgrading of streets.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for grants received by the City which are restricted for specific purposes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the City's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Horseshoe Bend Fund** accounts for parking fees and other revenues associated with the operation, construction and maintenance of capital facilities at Horseshoe Bend.

The **Water Fund** accounts for the City's water utility operations.

The **Sewer Fund** accounts for the City's wastewater utility operations.

The **Electric Fund** accounts for the City's electrical services and operations.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Pension Trust Fund** accounts for the Volunteer Firefighters' Pension Plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified volunteer firefighters and EMS personnel.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary and pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Investments

The City's policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the state treasurer's pool, obligations of the U. S. Government and other investments as allowed by Arizona State Statutes. All investments are carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as adjustments to interest earnings. Fair market values are based on quoted market prices. The reported value of the state treasurer's pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Internal balances" in the Statement of Net Position and as "Due to" or "Due from" other funds in the fund financial statements. All trade accounts receivable in the General Fund and proprietary funds are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

The City is the lessor for several land and building leases for aviation services. The leases are for periods of 1 to 40 years, are typically based on square footage involved in the lease and do not include variable payment terms. The City had deferred inflows and receivables of \$3,543,951 as of June 30, 2023 and had related revenues of \$409,172 for the year. The related lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources are recognized at the present value of future lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the receivables and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories for the proprietary funds consist principally of materials used in the repair of the distribution, collection and treatment systems and are valued at cost. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capitalized assets are recorded at cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the City are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements 7 to 40 years
Machinery and equipment 5 to 15 years
Electric, Water, and Sewer systems 10 to 40 years
Streets, sidewalks & other infrastructure 15 to 40 years
Intangibles: Right-to-use lease assets:
Equipment 5 years

Intangible right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The pension/OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See footnote 9 for more information.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first type arises from aviation related leases. These amounts are recognized as income in the period that the amounts become available. The second type is pension/OPEB related items reported on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. See footnote 9 for more information.

#### Pension and other postemployment benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position of the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and the Arizona Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS), and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by ASRS and PSPRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements,

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### Fund balance policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance). The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council (Council) has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The policy used by the governing body to authorize the assignment of fund balance is the City of Page Financial Management Policy. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### Revenues and expenditures/expenses

#### Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### Property taxes

The City does not currently have a levy for any property taxes.

#### Compensated absences

The City's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Employees may not accrue more than 960 hours of sick leave except for the purposes of payment as follows. Once the maximum limit of 960 hours has been accumulated, an employee hired before July 1, 2017, may elect to be paid for the excess of 960 sick hours at a rate of 75% their base pay or purchase service time from ASRS/PSPRS (if eligible) at a rate of 75% their base pay. Upon separation from City employment, an employee may be eligible to be paid at full face value for accrued sick leave if (1) the employee has been employed by any department with the City for ten continuous years and (2) the employee applies for and elects to receive ASRS/PSPRS benefits immediately upon separation from City service. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2017, upon separation from City employment, shall be eligible for accrued sick leave over 560 hours, up to 400 hours, if (1) the employee has been employed by any department with the City for ten continuous years and (2) the employee applies for and elects to receive ASRS benefits City of Page Personnel Rules 19 Revised October, 2018 immediately upon separation from City service. No payment will be made for the first 560 hours of accumulation or beyond 400 additional hours. Termination of the employee will forfeit payment of all sick leave.

#### Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

As lessee, the City recognizes lease liabilities for agreements which convey the right to use an asset to the City and meet the criteria specified in GASB 87 and GASB 96. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure lease liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease. The City's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on the City's most recent borrowing rate and/or the changes in the consumer price index.

As lessor, the City recognizes lease receivables for agreements which convey to another entity or individual the right to use one of the City's assets and meet the criteria specified in GASB 87 and GASB 96. If there is no stated rate in the lease contract (or if the stated rate is not the rate the City charges the lessee) and the implicit rate cannot be determined, the City uses its own estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure lease receivables. The City's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above.

#### Proprietary funds operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer, sanitation and electric funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Tax Abatements**

The City has not entered into any tax abatement agreements and the City is not aware of any tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that would reduce the City's tax revenues.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2. Change in accounting principle

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Page implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which (1) defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The City of Page had no SBITAs during the year ended June 30, 2023 as defined by GASB statement No. 96.

#### Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Stewardship, compliance, and accountability are key concepts in defining the responsibilities of the City. The use of budgets and monitoring of equity status facilitate the City's compliance with legal requirements.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

## Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability, Continued

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. In accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes, the City Manager submits a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 to the City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- 3. Prior to the third Monday in July, the expenditure limitation for the City is legally enacted through passage of a resolution. To ensure compliance with the expenditure limitation, a uniform expenditure report must be filed with the State each year. This report, issued under a separate cover, reconciles total City expenditures from the audited financial statements to total expenditures for reporting in accordance with the State's uniform expenditure reporting system (A.R.S. §41-1279.07).
- 4. State law requires that, prior to April 1, the Economic Estimates Commission provides the City with a final expenditure limit for the coming fiscal year.
- 5. Expenditures may not legally exceed the expenditure limitation of all fund types as a whole. For management purposes, the City adopts a budget by department for the General Fund and in total by fund for other funds. The City Council has adopted a budget transfer policy and all amendments must be done in accordance with this policy.
- 6. The City has adopted budgets in accordance with A.R.S. requirements and utilizes the budgets as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Enterprise funds. The budgets are prepared on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures.

The City is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the City to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The City complied with this law during the year.

There were no supplementary budgetary appropriations made during the year ended June 30, 2023. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation for future years, is not employed by the City.

### **Expenditures over Appropriations**

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual reports as listed in the table of contents present all of the departments which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2023, if any.

#### **Highway User Revenue Funds**

Highway user revenue fund monies received by the City pursuant to title 28, chapter 18, article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year have been used solely for authorized transportation purposes.

#### Note 4. Deposits and Investments

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statements of Net Position is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,666,515
Investments	18,894,397
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,100,166
Fiduciary Fund cash and cash equivalents	556,590
Total	\$ 73,217,668

#### **Deposits**

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, none of the City's bank balance of \$20,490,218.54 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was not covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent.

#### **Investments**

The Arizona State Treasurer's Office operates the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The LGIP is available for investment of funds administered by any Arizona Public Treasurer.

The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The State Board of Investments provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools. Deposits in the LGIP are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Arizona, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments.

The provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35-323) govern the investment of funds in excess of \$100,000. A.R.S. 35-323 allows for investment in certificates of deposit, interest bearing savings accounts, repurchase agreements with a maximum maturity of 180 days, pooled investment funds established by the State Treasurer, obligations guaranteed by the United States, bonds of the State of Arizona or other local municipalities, commercial paper of prime quality that is rated "P1" by Moody's investors or "A1" by Standard and Poor's rating service, and bonds, debentures or notes that are issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States subject to certain restrictions. For investments of less than \$100,000, procedures as specified by local ordinance or resolution must be followed.

## Note 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

As of June 30, 2023 the City had the following deposits and investments:

	Fair Value	Quality Rating	Weighted Average Maturity (2)
Deposits:			
Cash on hand	\$ 181	N/A	N/A
Cash in bank	20,167,906	N/A	N/A
Investments:			
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	33,560,535	AAA	3.68 Years
U.S. Government Agency Securities	9,772,045	AA+	0.93 Years
Mutual Funds	534,901	N/A	N/A
Certificates of deposit	 9,182,100	N/A	N/A
Total cash and investments	\$ 73,217,668		

- (1) Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated Credit Risk. N/A indicates not applicable. Ratings for the City's investment in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool #7 and the U.S. Government Agency Securities are provided from Standard and Poor's.
- (2) State Treasurer's Investment Pool is valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the Town held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximate the value of that participant's shares. (Level 2 inputs).
- (3) Interest Rate Risk is estimated using the weighted average days to maturity.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the provisions of State law (A.R.S. 35-323). A.R.S. 35-323 requires that the City's investment portfolio maturities do not exceed five years from the time of purchase.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with State law (A.R.S. 35-323). A.R.S. 35-323 limits investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services.

#### Note 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

#### Fair value measurements

As noted above, the City holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The State Treasurer's Investment Pool, U.S Government Agency Securities, mutual funds, and certificates of deposit, as listed above, are valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs).

#### Note 5. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following cash reserves:

Restricted Cash	
Magistrate Bond Deposits	\$ 6,316
Refundable Deposits	14,801
Airport - Refundable Deposits	25,135
Water Fund - Customer Deposits	127,235
Electric Fund - Customer Deposits	 926,679
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 1,100,166

## Note 6. Capital Assets

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for governmental activities during the year:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 06/30/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/23
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 44,521,257	\$ 800,000	\$ (368)	\$ 45,320,889
Construction in progress	1,598,689	1,469,409	(1,644,843)	1,423,255
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	46,119,946	2,269,409	(1,645,211)	46,744,144
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	19,864,037	2,750,121	-	22,614,158
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	10,446,670	1,419,752	(446,370)	11,420,052
Infrastructure	36,370,367	1,401,080		37,771,447
Total capital assets being depreciated	66,681,074	5,570,953	(446,370)	71,805,657
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(11,811,454)	(580,624)	-	(12,392,078)
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	(7,667,671)	(654,465)	437,403	(7,884,733)
Infrastructure	(16,118,428)	(1,253,551)		(17,371,979)
Total accumulated depreciation	(35,597,553)	(2,488,640)	437,403	(37,648,790)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	31,083,521	3,082,313	(8,967)	34,156,867
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 77,203,467	\$ 5,351,722	\$ (1,654,178)	\$ 80,901,011

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the City as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General government	\$	218,772
Public safety		531,041
Public works		1,519,930
Culture and recreation		168,867
Community support		50,030
Total depreciation expense - governmental	·	
activities	\$	2,488,640

## Note 6. Capital Assets, Continued

The following table summarizes the changes to capital assets for business-type activities during the year:

<b>Business Type Activities:</b>		Balance e 30, 2022	А	dditions	Г	<b>D</b> eletions	Īı	Balance ine 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated	3 411	0 30, 2022		dartions		Cictions		ine 30, 2023
Land	\$	63,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	63,000
Construction in progress		255,078		350,877		(24,670)		581,285
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		318,078		350,877		(24,670)		644,285
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements	3	34,642,026		480,212		-		35,122,238
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	1	3,841,622		496,384		(230,338)		14,107,668
Electric distribution system	2	29,468,319		607,857		-		30,076,176
Water distribution system	1	8,151,498		158,816		-		18,310,314
Sewer distribution system	1	0,963,797		50,628				11,014,425
Total capital assets being depreciated	10	07,067,262		1,793,897		(230,338)		108,630,821
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	(1	6,453,278)		(859,942)				(17 212 220)
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	-	(8,849,452)		(666,973)		194,734		(17,313,220) (9,321,691)
Electric distribution system		20,148,253)		(641,383)		194,/34		(20,789,636)
Water distribution system		(3,241,890)				-		
Sewer distribution system		10,325,214)		(449,953)		-		(13,691,842)
Sewer distribution system		10,323,214)		(158,219)				(10,483,434)
Total accumulated depreciation		59,018,087)	(	2,776,470)		194,734		(71,599,824)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3	38,049,175		(982,573)		(35,604)		37,030,998
Leased right-to-use asset being amortized Leased right-to-use equipment		215,995		-		-		215,995
Accumulated amortization								
Leased right-to-use equipment		(79,641)		(39,820)		-		(119,461)
Leased right-to-use asset being amortized, net		136,354		(39,820)		-		96,534
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3	38,503,607	\$	(671,516)	\$	(60,274)	\$	37,771,817
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>								
Water			\$	617,544				
Sewer			*	516,755				
Electric				1,272,310				
Horseshoe Bend				132,961				
Golf				236,900				
Total depreciation expense								
business-type activities			\$	2,776,470				

### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2022		Additions		F	Retirements	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2023		Current Portion	
General Obligation:											
Notes payable	\$	432,344	\$	-	\$	(432,344)	\$	-	\$	-	
Total General Obligation		432,344		-		(432,344)				-	
Revenue Obligation:											
Pledged Revenue Refunding											
Obligations, Series 2011		-		-		-		-		-	
Bond Premiums		-								-	
Total Revenue Obligation										-	
Accrued compensated absences		979,904		636,938		(657,735)		959,107		623,420	
Net pension/OPEB liabilities		4,015,068		1,826,235			٠	5,841,303		-	
Total Governmental Activity											
Long-term Liabilities	\$	5,427,316	\$	2,463,173	\$	(1,090,078)	\$	6,800,410	\$	623,420	
Business-type activities:											
Notes payable	\$	52,695	\$	_	\$	(25,440)	\$	27,255	\$	26,505	
Lease obligations - equipment	*	145,224	•	_	*	(44,015)	-	101,209	*	51,605	
Accrued compensated absences		477,908		211,070		(185,188)		503,790		327,464	
Net pension/OPEB liabilities		3,040,075		575,717				3,615,792		-	
Total Business-type Activity										<u></u>	
Long-term Liabilities		3,715,902		786,787		(254,643)		4,248,046		405,574	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	9,143,218	\$	3,249,960	\$	(1,344,722)	\$	11,048,456	\$	1,028,993	

Generally, resources from the General fund are used to liquidate net pension/OPEB liabilities and compensated absences for governmental activities.

The City has no unused lines of credit as of June 30, 2023.

## Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

The City has no direct borrowings or placements of debt.

The City has entered into six note payable agreements for financed purchases of various equipment. The following is list of notes payable balances as of and for the year ending June 30, 2023:

#### **Notes Payable**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Total governmental notes payable	\$ -
Business-Type Activities	
Lawn mowers, bearing interest of 4.10%, with monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,281 maturing September 2024.	\$ 27,252
Total business-type notes payable	27,252
Total notes payable	\$ 27,252

The following is the annual schedule of future payments for the City's notes payable for the fiscal years ending June 30:

	G	overnment	al Activit	ies	Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year										
Ending June 30,	Prin	cipal	Inte	erest	P	rincipal	Interest			
2024	\$	-	\$ -		\$	26,505	\$	870		
2025		-		-		747		39		
Thereafter		-		-		-		-		
Total notes payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,252	\$	909		

The City has entered into two lease agreements for various equipment for the Golf Fund.

The City entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of 62 golf carts. The lease had an initial liability of \$185,823. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$89,256. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$3,800. The lease has an interest rate of 10.92%. In addition, the City will not purchase the equipment at the end of the lease term. The equipment has a ten-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$185,823 and had accumulated amortization of \$101,358.

### Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

The City entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of a beverage cart. The lease had an initial liability of \$30,172. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$11,952. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$564. The lease has an interest rate of 3.99%. In addition, the City will not purchase the equipment at the end of the lease term. The equipment has a ten-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$30,172 and had accumulated amortization of \$18,103.

The future principle and interest lease payments are as follows:

	G	overnment	tal Activitie		Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Prin	cipal	Inte	rest	P	rincipal	Interest			
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,605	\$	763		
2025		-		-		49,604		244		
2026		-		-		-		-		
2027		-		-		-		-		
Total lease payments	\$	-	\$		\$	101,209	\$	1,007		

#### **Available Borrowing Capacity:**

Prior to fiscal year 2007, under Arizona law, cities could issue general obligation bonds for purposes of water, sewer, artificial light, open space preserves, parks, playgrounds, and recreational facilities, up to an amount not exceeding 20% of a City's Secondary Net Assessed Valuation. In fiscal year 2007, Arizona voters approved an amendment to the Arizona Constitution to allow cities to include debt for the acquisition and development of public safety, law enforcement, fire and emergency facilities, and streets and transportation facilities in the 20% debt limit. General Obligation Bonds for all other purposes may be issued up to an amount not exceeding 6% of Secondary Net Assessed Valuation.

As of June 30, 2023 the City has no debt outstanding applicable to the 20% limit and no outstanding general obligation bonds applicable to the 6% limit. Accordingly at June 30, 2023, the City's legal borrowing capacity is \$37,739,288 for the 20% limit and \$11,321,786 for the general obligation 6% limit.

#### Note 8. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of June 30, 2023, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

		Due From:										
			ŀ	Highway								
	General User			Н	Horseshoe				Golf			
<b>Due To:</b>	1	Fund	Fund		_B	Bend Fund		Electric Fund		Fund	Total	
General	\$	-	\$	48,065	\$	581,240	\$	13,986	\$	622,647	\$	1,265,939
Capital Project Fund		-		-		774,554		-		-		774,554
Non-Major Governmental Funds		371				-						371
Total	\$	371	\$	48,065	\$	1,355,794	\$	13,986	\$	622,647	\$	2,040,864

The Horseshoe Bend balance of \$774,554 payable to the Capital Projects fund is payable over 5 years at 6% interest with 3 years remaining. The Horseshoe Bend balance of \$581,240 payable to the General fund is payable over 6 years at 6% interest with 4 years remaining.

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Transfers In:									
Transfers Out:	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total							
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 3,359,480	\$ 3,359,480							
Airport Fund	213,590	62,973	276,563							
Grants fund	31,030	-	31,030							
Non-Major Governmental	857,102	-	857,102							
HURF Fund	-	15,919	15,919							
Horseshoe Bend Fund	1,865,554	401,658	2,267,212							
Total Transfers	\$ 2,967,276	\$ 3,840,030	\$ 6,807,306							

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

The City contributes to the Arizona State Retirements System and Public Safety Personnel Retirement System plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona. At June 30, 2023, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and							Gov	ernmental	<b>Business-Type</b>		
Statement of Activities	Activities ASRS				Combined PSPRS Total			vities Total	Activities Total		
Net OPEB asset	\$	331,399	\$	604,907	\$	936,306	\$	809,600	\$	126,706	
Net OPEB liabilities		5,402		-		5,402		3,337		2,065	
Net pension liabilities		9,457,095				9,457,095		6,647,566		3,740,433	
Total pension/OPEB liabilities		9,462,497				9,462,497		6,650,903		3,742,498	
Deferred outflows of resources		1,890,493		1,068,174		2,958,667		2,235,863		722,804	
Deferred inflows of resources		584,232		555,616		1,139,848		916,475		223,373	
Pension/OPEB expense		1,460,089		26,315		1,486,404		1,281,672		202,465	

The City reported \$836,976 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

# **Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS)**

**Plan description** – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

**Benefits provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	<b>Initial Membership Date</b>	<b>Initial Membership Date</b>	
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011	
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55	
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60	
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62	
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*	
		any years age 65	
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months	
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%	

<sup>\*</sup> With actuarially reduced benefits.

## Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2023, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (12.03 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (11.92 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.68 percent (9.62 percent for retirement and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill.

The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$873,142, \$8,058, and \$10,255 respectively.

**Liability** – At June 30, 2023, the City reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

Net pension/OPEB

	Titt pension, or 22		
	(asset) liability		
Pension	\$ 9,457,095		
Health insurance premium benefit	(331,399)		
Long-term disability	5,402		

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022. The total liability used to calculate the net asset and net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2022, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7-7.2 percent to 2.9-8.4 percent.

The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2022, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2021, were:

			Increase
	Proportion	Proportion	(decrease) from
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Pension	0.053640%	0.057940%	0.004300%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.054650%	0.059380%	0.004730%
Long-term disability	0.054210%	0.058490%	0.004280%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension OPEB expense:

	<u>Pension</u>	Pension/OPEB Exp		
Pension	\$	1,507,607		
Health insurance premium benefit		(49,904)		
Long-term disability		2,386		

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

	Per	nsion	Health Insurance	ee Premium Benefit	Long-Term Disability		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 80,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,127	\$ 2,812	\$ 5,034	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	469,374	-	5,379	9,038	2,942	13,185	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	249,109	-	11,163	-	168	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	432,955	120,058	591	5,965	4,405	1,385	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	873,142		8,058	<u>-</u> _	10,255		
Total	\$ 1,856,051	\$ 369,167	\$ 14,028	\$ 195,293	\$ 20,414	\$ 19,772	

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year Ended June 30, Pension		Health Insurance Premium Benefit		Long-term disability		
						-
2023	\$	555,772	\$	(51,864)	\$	(610)
2024		91,771		(56,316)		(911)
2025		(432,512)		(61,528)		(2,177)
2026		398,711		(10,222)		101
2027		-		(9,393)		(2,076)
Thereafter		-		-		(3,940)

## Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pension and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLTD for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return		
Equity	50%	3.90%		
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.30%		
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	(0.20%)		
Real estate	20%	6.00%		
Totals	100%			

## Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

**Discount Rate** – At June 30, 2022, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent, with no change from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	(6.0%)	(7.0%)		(8.0%)	
Proportionate share of:				_	
Net pension (asset) / liability	\$ 13,953,662	\$ 9,457,095	\$	5,707,660	
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)	(238,294)	(331,399)		(410,396)	
Net long-term disability liability	8,955	5,402		1,959	

**Plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

## **Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS)**

**Plan description** – City police and fire employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPRS. The reports are available on the PSPRS website at <a href="https://www.psprs.com">www.psprs.com</a>.

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

**Benefits provided** – The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

#### **Initial Membership Date:**

Before January 1, 2012		On or After January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017
Retirement and Disability		
Years of service and age	20 years of service, any age	25 years of service or 15 years
required to receive benefit	15 years of service, age 62	of credited of service, age 52.5
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years
Benefit percent		
Normal Retirement	50% less 4.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited service over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement, whi	chever is greater
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5%	or normal retirement, whichever is greater
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service multiplied by years of credited service (not to	
Survivor Benefit		
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired member	r's pension benefit
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% result of injuries received	Č , 1

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

**Employees covered by benefit terms** – At June 30, 2023, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

PSPRS - Police	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	10	10
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6	0
Active employees	9	9
Total	25	19
PSPRS - Fire	Pension	Health
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3	3
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8	0
Active employees	8	8
Total	19	11

**Contributions cost** – State Statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2023, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Active Member Pension	City - Pension	City-Health Insurance Premium
PSPRS Police	7.65%	10.28%	0.00%
PSPRS Police Tier 3 risk pool	9.00%	9.00%	0.24%
PSPRS Fire	7.65%	11.26%	0.11%
PSPRS Fire Tier 3 risk pool	9.00%	9.00%	0.24%

In addition, statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 0.80% for police and 1.31% for fire of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool.

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The City's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2023, were:

Pension	PSPRS Police				
Contributions made	\$	110,733	\$	83,412	
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool contributions		116,209		75,792	
•					
Health Insurance Premium Benefit					
Annual OPEB cost	\$	-	\$	1,141	
PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool		-		1,037	

During fiscal year 2023, the City paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100% from the general fund.

**Liability** – At June 30, 2023, the City reported the following assets and liabilities.

	N	et pension	Net OPEB					
	(ass	set) liability	(ass	set) liability				
PSPRS Police	\$	44,529	\$	(486,598)				
PSPRS Fire		(136,741)		(26,097)				
Total	\$	(92,212)	\$	(512,695)				

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Investment rate of return	7.2%
Wage inflation	3.0 - 6.25% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.85% for pension/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.2 using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. public equity	24%	3.49%
International public equity	16%	4.47%
Global private equity	20%	7.18%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	4.83%
Core bonds	2%	0.45%
Private credit	20%	5.10%
Diversifying strategies	10%	2.68%
Cash - Mellon	1%	-0.35%
Total	100.00%	

**Discount Rate** – At June 30, 2022, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Changes in the net pension/OPEB liability

PSPRS Police	Pension Increase (decrease)							Health insurance premium benefit Increase (decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		et Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	8,427,046	\$	9,439,795	\$	(1,012,749)	\$	93,223	\$	604,879	\$	(511,656)	
Adjustment to beginning of year Changes for the year:		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Service cost		157,463		-		157,463		3,615		-		3,615	
Interest on total pension liability		607,898		-		607,898		6,887		-		6,887	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience in the measurement of													
the pension liability		(49,420)		-		(49,420)		(10,117)		-		(10,117)	
Changes of assumptions		133,741		-		133,741		400		-		400	
Contributions - employer		-		91,553		(91,553)		-		-		-	
Contributions - employee		-		74,639		(74,639)		-		-		-	
Net investment income		-		(367,156)		367,156		-		(23,848)		23,848	
Benefit payments, including refunds						-						-	
of employee contributions		(514,291)		(514,291)		-		(4,986)		(4,986)		-	
Hall/Parker settlement		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Plan administrative expenses		-		(6,632)		6,632		-		(425)		425	
Other changes*													
Net changes		335,391		(721,887)		1,057,278		(4,201)		(29,259)		25,058	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	8,762,437	\$	8,717,908	\$	44,529	\$	89,022	\$	575,620	\$	(486,598)	

<sup>\*</sup> Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and employee reserves.

PSPRS Fire	Pension Increase (decrease)					Health insurance premium benefit Increase (decrease)						
		tal Pension Liability (a)		n Fiduciary Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)			Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	3,295,152	\$	3,936,455	\$	(641,303)	\$	59,125	\$	95,936	\$	(36,811)
Adjustment to beginning of year		-		-		-		-		-		
Changes for the year:												
Service cost		125,832		-		125,832		2,178		-		2,178
Interest on total pension liability		245,426		-		245,426		4,321		-		4,321
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		-
Difference between expected and												
actual experience in the measurement of												
the pension liability		59,471		-		59,471		511		-		511
Changes of assumptions		59,340		-		59,340		1,255		-		1,255
Contributions - employer		-		102,191		(102,191)		-		1,246		(1,246)
Contributions - employee		-		63,512		(63,512)		-		-		-
Net investment income		-		(155,932)		155,932		-		(3,630)		3,630
Benefit payments, including refunds						-						-
of employee contributions		(117,967)		(117,967)		-		(4,212)		(4,212)		-
Hall/Parker settlement		-		-		-		-		-		-
Plan administrative expenses		-		(2,811)		2,811		-		(65)		65
Other changes*				(21,453)		21,453						-
Net changes		372,102		(132,460)		504,562		4,053		(6,661)		10,714
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	3,667,254	\$	3,803,995	\$	(136,741)	\$	63,178	\$	89,275	\$	(26,097)

<sup>\*</sup> Other changes include adjustments for prior year GASB 68 and reserve transfer to/from employer and

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

Sensitivity of the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.20%)	 Current scount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)		
PSPRS Police Net pension (asset) / liability Net OPEB (asset) / liability	\$	1,129,352 (476,176)	\$ 44,529 (486,598)	\$	(848,516) (495,381)	
PSPRS Fire Net pension (asset) / liability Net OPEB (asset) / liability	\$	446,899 (18,584)	\$ (136,741) (26,097)	\$	(605,219) (32,417)	

**Plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report.

**Expense** – For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pensi	on expense	OPEB expense				
PSPRS Police	\$	62,811	\$	(31,734)			
PSPRS Fire		(2,694)		(2,068)			

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS - Police		Per	sion		Health Insurane Premium Benefit								
	Oı			Outflows of Deferred Inflows Outflows o		Outflows of Deferred Inflows O		ows Outflows of		Inflows Outflows of		In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,406	\$	135,924	\$	20,452	\$	15,658					
Changes in assumptions		162,967		-		629		935					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		105,824		-		9,010		-					
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		226,942				-							
Total	\$	573,139	\$	135,924	\$	30,091	\$	16,593					
PSPRS - Fire		Per	nsion		Hea	lth Insurane	e Premium Benefit						
		Deferred			Deferred		Deferred						
		ıtflows of		rred Inflows	Outflows of		Inflows of						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	esources 81,956	\$	379,747	\$	5,983	\$	22,322					
Changes in assumptions	Ψ	160,591	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,778	Ψ	1,030					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		51,644		-		1,609		-					
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		159,205				2,178							
Total	\$	453,396	\$	379,747	\$	11,548	\$	23,352					

#### Note 9. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits, Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Deferred Outflo	ws (Inflows	) of Resources
-----------------	-------------	----------------

		PSPRS	- Police	2		PSPR	S Fire	
	•							Health
Year Ending			Healt	h Insurance			In	surance
June 30,	]	Pension	Premi	um Benefit	]	Pension	P	remium
	•		•			<u>,                                    </u>		
2024	\$	40,185	\$	955	\$	(47,481)	\$	(1,792)
2025		19,334		(124)		(50,746)		(2,084)
2026		(53,973)		(4,064)		(82,276)		(3,022)
2027		204,727		16,731		75,145		(29)
2028		-		-		19,802		(2,134)
Thereafter		-		-		-		(4,921)

#### Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund

The City of Page, Arizona Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund is a defined contribution pension plan administered by the City and a board of trustees for the City's volunteer firefighters. A defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive.

As established by the Plan document, all volunteer firefighters participate in the pension plan upon hiring for the volunteer service with the department. The volunteers are required to contribute a minimum of 7% of their earned wage to their pension account with the City matching the 7% contribution. The Plan has a vesting schedule beginning at five years of service vesting at 40% of the City's contributions and ending with 100% of the City's contributions at eight years of service.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions made by the City or its voluntary firefighters. The Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund held no securities of the City or other related parties during the fiscal year or as of the close of the fiscal year.

The State of Arizona is required by statute to contribute a portion of the annual tax received on fire insurance premiums. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the State's contribution was \$21,375.

#### Note 10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City's risk management, property and liability insurance was obtained through the brokers, Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool (AMRRP), using Southwest Risk for the coverage. The limit for claims general liability is \$2,000,000 per occurrence on a claims made basis. The City's Worker's Compensation program is also through AMRRP for approximately 155 members. The City has had comparable insurance coverage for the past 49 years, and has had no claims exceeding this insurance coverage.

The City purchases commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including airport activities and employee health and accident. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past thirty fiscal years.

#### Note 11. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney with respect to such litigation, such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position at June 30, 2023.

At year end, the City had the following major construction projects/commitments open:

	Estimated	Construction
Project	Cost	in Progress
Coppermine Road Sidewalk Improv.	\$ 780,000	\$ 35,560
Elm Street Park Improvements	20,000	16,976
Storm Drain Improvements - Phase 2	860,000	455,484
Block 17 Revitalization	1,750,000	195,880
Court Security Improvements	45,121	43,967
South Ramp Reconstr Design (AIP 34)	2,967,545	127,541
Bike Trail/Park	100,000	164,614
Vista Ave Rehabilitation	579,278	45,542
Runway Safety Area	2,441,291	293,244
Segmented Circle Relocation	297,000	28,710
Airport Terminal/Elevator Improvements	1,150,000	15,737
	\$ 10,990,235	\$ 1,423,255

#### Note 12. Landfill Post Closure Care Costs

The City leased a landfill site from the Bureau of Reclamation in prior years. State and Federal laws and regulators required the City to place a final cover on the landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The City closed the landfill in the year 2000 and thus, all closure costs have been paid in previous years. Postclosure care costs will continue to be paid in future years. The City does not report a portion of these postclosure care costs as an operation expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date, since only that portion of the liability that "would normally be liquidated with the expendable available resources" would be reported as an expenditure in the General Fund. The landfill post-closure care liability at year end is \$327,454 which represents the cumulative amount of post-closure costs to date based on the use of the estimated capacity of the landfill. One hundred percent of the landfill capacity has been used by June 30, 2023. The remaining estimated cost of post-closure care is \$293,852. This amount is based on an estimated annual post-closure cost estimate of \$39,291 multiplied by an annual inflation factor of 1.07479% and the number of years remaining, or 7. The figure is based on what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in 2023. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The City has utilized a local government guarantee rather than establishing a trust fund or other financial mechanism to demonstrate financial responsibility for post-closure costs.

#### Note 13. Impairment Losses

The City of Page completed preliminary work (architecture, etc.) on a new public works building during the year ended June 30, 2022 and in years prior. These amounts were recorded in CIP in these prior years. In the year ended June 30, 2023 the City decided to purchase a public works building instead of continuing to pursue construction of a public works building, therefore the City has removed these preliminary amounts from CIP and recognize as a program expense (impairment loss) for public works. As a governmental fund activity, this appears on the government wide statements. The total impairment loss for the year was 286,162. This amount also includes some small amounts from projects not related to the public works building, but were not large enough to merit further information in this disclosure.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2023

ASRS - Pension			-	orting Fiscal Ye					
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.057940%	0.053640%	0.056130%	0.048760%	0.050710%	0.493800%	0.049140%	0.050540%	0.049360%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,457,095	\$ 7,048,058	\$ 9,725,376	\$ 7,095,147	\$ 7,072,260	\$ 7,692,441	\$ 7,931,690	\$ 7,871,684	\$ 7,303,554
Covered payroll	\$ 6,908,231	\$ 6,192,706	\$ 6,255,586	\$ 5,306,531	\$ 5,142,759	\$ 4,917,806	\$ 4,927,345	\$ 4,832,709	\$ 4,635,081
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	136.90%	113.81%	155.47%	133.71%	137.52%	156.42%	160.97%	162.88%	157.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.26%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

## Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2023

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit				g Fiscal Year ement Date)			
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.059380%	0.054650%	0.056870%	0.049180%	0.051180%	0.049660%	0.049658%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (331,399)	\$ (266,259)	\$ (40,264)	\$ (13,591) \$	(18,429) \$	(27,035)	\$ 14,359
Covered payroll	\$ 6,908,231	\$ 6,192,706	\$ 6,255,586	\$ 5,306,531 \$	5,142,759 \$	4,917,806	\$ 4,927,345
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.80%	-4.30%	-0.64%	-0.26%	-0.36%	-0.55%	0.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	137.79%	130.24%	104.33%	101.62%	102.20%	103.57%	98.02%
ASRS - Long-term disability				g Fiscal Year ement Date)			
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.058490%	0.054210%	0.056510%	0.048980%	0.050780%	0.049440%	0.049441%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,402	\$ 11,190	\$ 42,869	\$ 31,908	\$ 26,533	\$ 17,921	\$ 17,767
Covered payroll	\$ 6,908,231	\$ 6,192,706	\$ 6,255,586	\$ 5,306,531	\$ 5,142,759	\$ 4,917,806	\$ 4,927,345
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.08%	0.18%	0.60%	0.52%	0.36%	0.36%	0.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.4	90.38%	68.01%	72.85%	77.83%	84.44%	85.17%

Note: In accordance with GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the OPEB schedules above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System Police									-	ting Fiscal Ye surement Date								
		2023 (2022)		2022 (2021)		2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
Total pension liability		•																
Service cost	\$	157,463	\$	173,126	\$	187,393	\$	231,776	\$	214,516	\$	255,576	\$	175,947	\$	178,540	\$	220,361
Interest on total pension liability		607,898		592,164		560,762		540,991		520,436		495,618		482,260		502,665		440,921
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-		103,919		(15,644)		-		173,519
Difference between expected and actual		(40, 420)		(22 (10)		154.010		(46,400)		(1.65.40.4)		(17( 215)		22 (02		(400.705)		(401, 400)
experience of the total net pension liability		(49,420)		(23,618)		154,810		(46,488)		(165,484)		(176,315)		32,693		(409,785)		(421,490)
Changes of assumptions		133,741		-		-		105,455		-		211,038		261,084		-		858,808
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(514 201)		(50( ((7)		(410 404)		(422.246)		(410.0(2)		(470.215)		(542.401)		(51( (07)		(412.722)
employee contributions  Net change in total pension liability		(514,291) 335,391	_	(506,667)		(410,404) 492,561		(422,346) 409,388	_	(410,062) 159,406		(479,215) 410,621		(543,491) 392,849		(516,607)		(412,722) 859,397
		8,427,046		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·				· ·		,		· ·		, , ,		
Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,762,437	\$	8,192,041 8,427,046	\$	7,699,480 8,192,041	\$	7,290,092	\$	7,130,686	\$	6,720,065 7,130,686	\$	6,327,216	\$	6,572,403 6,327,216	\$	5,713,006 6,572,403
	Ψ	0,702,737	Ψ	0,427,040	Ψ	0,172,041	Ψ	7,077,400	Ψ	7,270,072	Ψ	7,130,000	Ψ	0,720,003	Ψ	0,327,210	Ψ	0,372,403
Plan fiduciary net position	e	01.552	Ф	275 451	Ф	1 241 042	Φ	1 (50 500	Ф	1 207 (50	Φ.	252 252	Ф	227 (12	Φ.	201 140	Φ.	212 (20
Contributions - employer	2	91,553	\$	275,451	\$	1,341,843	\$	1,658,508	\$	1,307,650	\$	353,353	\$	336,612	\$	201,140	\$	212,639
Contributions - employee		74,639		82,424		90,447		101,240		114,737		110,537		107,532		125,347		110,427
Net investment income		(367,156)		2,071,581		86,399		303,632		294,286		380,194		18,774		123,864		459,460
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(514,291)		(506,667)		(410,404)		(422,346)		(410,062)		(479,215)		(543,491)		(516,607)		(412,722)
Hall/Parker settlement		(314,291)		(300,007)		(410,404)		(422,340)		(96,358)		(4/9,213)		(343,491)		(310,007)		(412,722)
Plan administrative expenses		(6,632)		(9,871)		(7,047)		(6,268)		(5,179)		-		-		-		-
Other (net transfer)		(0,032)		(2,671)		(7,047)		(208)		4,307		(20,929)		6,527		(199,585)		(554,962)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(721,887)		1,912,918		1,101,238		1,634,558		1,209,381		343,940		(74,046)		(265,841)		(185,158)
Plan fiduciary net position - beg		9,439,795		7,526,877		6,425,639		4,791,081		3,581,700		3,237,760		3,311,806		3,577,647		3,762,805
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$	8,717,908	\$	9,439,795	\$	7,526,877	\$	6,425,639	\$	4,791,081	\$	3,581,700	\$	3,237,760	\$	3,311,806	\$	3,577,647
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	44,529	\$	(1,012,749)	\$	665,164	\$	1,273,841	\$	2,499,011	\$	3,548,986	\$	3,482,305	\$	3,015,410	\$	2,994,756
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		99.49%		112.02%		91.88%		83.46%		65.72%		50.23%		48.18%		52.34%		54.43%
Covered payroll	\$	685,878	\$	782,335	\$	892,406	\$	936,923	\$	1,100,649	\$	1,170,755	\$	947,481	\$	858,148	\$	908,313
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		6.49%		-129.45%		74.54%		135.96%		227.05%		303.14%		367.53%		351.39%		329.71%

ote: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System Fire					•	ting Fiscal Ye turement Date					
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
Total pension liability											
Service cost	\$ 125,832	\$ 146,582	\$ 152,678	\$ 178,178	\$	172,306	\$ 186,973	\$ 163,277	\$ 160,587	\$	144,197
Interest on total pension liability	245,426	250,420	231,873	226,814		200,929	184,687	177,931	163,937		146,905
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-		-	39,975	61,000	-		44,094
Difference between expected and actual											
experience of the total net pension liability	59,471	(249,409)	56,690	(272,319)		(21,150)	(102,499)	(159,489)	(24,495)		(223,231)
Changes of assumptions	59,340	-	-	88,892		-	93,531	104,754	-		212,265
Benefit payments, including refunds of											
employee contributions	(117,967)	(272,533)	(89,616)	(79,936)		(108,693)	(176,446)	(150,490)	(95,733)		(135,179)
Net change in total pension liability	372,102	 (124,940)	 351,625	141,629		243,392	 226,221	196,983	 204,296		189,051
Total pension liability - beginning	3,295,152	3,420,092	3,068,467	2,926,838		2,683,446	2,457,225	2,260,242	2,055,946		1,866,895
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 3,667,254	\$ 3,295,152	\$ 3,420,092	\$ 3,068,467	\$	2,926,838	\$ 2,683,446	\$ 2,457,225	\$ 2,260,242	\$	2,055,946
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$ 102,191	\$ 156,258	\$ 232,076	\$ 345,573	\$	327,142	\$ 129,943	\$ 121,210	\$ 107,714	\$	121,193
Contributions - employee	63,512	64,957	68,288	66,450		84,197	101,145	102,410	99,301		88,424
Net investment income	(155,932)	870,215	37,611	138,804		149,674	215,948	10,162	58,052		192,408
Benefit payments, including refunds of											
employee contributions	(117,967)	(272,533)	(89,616)	(79,936)		(108,693)	(176,446)	(150,490)	(95,733)		(135,179)
Hall/Parker settlement	-	-	-	-		(65,480)	-	-	-		-
Plan administrative expenses	(2,811)	(4,043)	(3,066)	(3,388)		(2,978)	-	-	-		-
Other (net transfer)	(21,453)	-	-	(938)		24	(23,091)	(20,575)	(2,962)		(242,261)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 (132,460)	814,854	245,293	466,565		383,886	247,499	62,717	166,372	•	24,585
Plan fiduciary net position - beg	3,936,455	3,121,601	2,876,308	2,409,743		2,025,857	1,778,358	1,715,641	1,549,269		1,524,684
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 3,803,995	\$ 3,936,455	\$ 3,121,601	\$ 2,876,308	\$	2,409,743	\$ 2,025,857	\$ 1,778,358	\$ 1,715,641	\$	1,549,269
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (136,741)	\$ (641,303)	\$ 298,491	\$ 192,159	\$	517,095	\$ 657,589	\$ 678,867	\$ 544,601	\$	506,677
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.73%	119.46%	91.27%	93.74%		82.33%	75.49%	72.37%	75.91%		75.36%
Covered payroll	\$ 613,791	\$ 575,890	\$ 673,289	\$ 724,034	\$	819,724	\$ 881,946	\$ 907,097	\$ 861,668	\$	902,241
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-22.28%	-111.36%	44.33%	26.54%		63.08%	74.56%	74.84%	63.20%		56.16%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

PSPRS - Police Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Reporting 1				
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)		2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)
Total pension liability	•						
Service cost	\$ 3,615	\$ 4,051	\$ 4,364	\$	3,852	\$ 3,962	\$ 4,566
Interest on total pension liability	6,887	4,512	4,037		4,073	4,021	4,129
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		-	-	352
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the total net pension liability	(10,117)	29,140	1,791		(9,257)	(9,154)	(4,656)
Changes of assumptions	400	-	-		720	-	(4,793)
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(4,986)	(4,466)	(786)		-	-	-
Net change in total pension liability	(4,201)	33,237	9,406	•	(612)	(1,171)	(402)
Total pension liability - beginning	93,223	59,986	50,580		51,192	52,363	52,765
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 89,022	\$ 93,223	\$ 59,986	\$	50,580	\$ 51,192	\$ 52,363
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (208)	\$ _
Contributions - employee	_	_	-		-	-	_
Net investment income	(23,848)	132,030	6,015		24,338	29,362	44,333
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(4,986)	(4,466)	(786)		-	-	-
Plan administrative expenses	(425)	(543)	(489)		(420)	(447)	
Other changes	-	-	-		209	-	(392)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(29,259)	127,021	4,740		24,127	28,707	 43,941
Plan fiduciary net position - beg	604,879	477,858	473,118		448,991	420,284	376,343
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 575,620	\$ 604,879	\$ 477,858	\$	473,118	\$ 448,991	\$ 420,284
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (486,598)	\$ (511,656)	\$ (417,872)	\$	(422,538)	\$ (397,799)	\$ (367,921)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 646.60%	 648.85%	 796.62%		935.39%	877.07%	802.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 685,878	\$ 782,335	\$ 892,406	\$	936,923	\$ 1,100,649	\$ 1,170,755
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-70.95%	-65.40%	-46.83%		-45.10%	-36.14%	-31.43%

Note: In accordance with GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the OPEB schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

PSPRS - Fire Health Insurance Premium Benefit			Reporting (Measurer				
	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,709	\$ 3,187	\$ 2,787	\$	2,787	\$ 2,910
Interest on total pension liability	4,321	4,614	3,932	4,976		4,347	4,491
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-		-	272
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the total net pension liability	511	(6,582)	6,653	(21,552)		1,174	(5,723)
Changes of assumptions	1,255	-	-	1,017		-	(1,828)
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(4,212)	(4,213)	(2,257)	(1,200)		(1,200)	(1,200)
Net change in total pension liability	4,053	(3,472)	11,515	(13,972)		7,108	(1,078)
Total pension liability - beginning	59,125	62,597	51,082	65,054		57,946	59,024
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 63,178	\$ 59,125	\$ 62,597	\$ 51,082	\$	65,054	\$ 57,946
Plan fiduciary net position				 	'		 
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,246	\$ 1,532	\$ 2,329	\$ 2,204	\$	2,052	\$ 2,735
Contributions - employee	-	-	-	-		-	-
Net investment income	(3,630)	20,569	946	3,864		4,618	6,863
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(4,212)	(4,213)	(2,257)	(1,200)		(1,200)	(1,200)
Plan administrative expenses	(65)	(85)	(77)	(67)		(70)	
Other changes			<u>-</u>	938		-	(61)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(6,661)	17,803	941	5,739		5,400	8,337
Plan fiduciary net position - beg	95,936	78,133	77,192	71,453		66,053	57,716
Plan fiduciary net position - end (b)	\$ 89,275	\$ 95,936	\$ 78,133	\$ 77,192	\$	71,453	\$ 66,053
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (26,097)	\$ (36,811)	\$ (15,536)	\$ (26,110)	\$	(6,399)	\$ (8,107)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 141.31%	 162.26%	 124.82%	 151.11%		109.84%	 113.99%
Covered payroll	\$ 613,791	\$ 575,890	\$ 673,289	\$ 724,034	\$	819,724	\$ 881,946
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-4.25%	-6.39%	-2.31%	-3.61%		-0.78%	-0.92%

Note: In accordance with GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the OPEB schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS - Pension				]	Reporting F	isca	ıl Year				
	2023	 2022	2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 873,142 (873,142)	\$ 828,411 (828,411)	\$ 702,485 (702,485)	\$	702,401 (702,401)	\$	574,955 (574,955)	\$ 549,366 (549,366)	\$ 519,238 (519,238)	499,192 (499,192)	506,890 (506,890)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 7,481,843	\$ 6,908,231	\$ 6,192,706	\$	6,255,586	\$	5,306,531	\$ 5,142,759	\$ 4,917,806	\$ 4,927,345	\$ 4,832,709
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.67%	11.99%	11.34%		11.23%		10.83%	10.68%	10.56%	10.13%	10.49%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension schedule above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit				Rep	ortir	ig Fiscal Y	ear							
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2017		2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,058	\$	23,373	\$	23,686	\$	23,285	\$	21,967	\$	22,218	\$	26,735
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(8,058)		(23,373)		(23,686)		(23,285)		(21,967)		(22,218)		(26,735)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 7	,481,843	\$ 6	,908,231	\$ 6,	192,706	\$ 6	6,255,586	\$	5,306,531	\$	5,142,759	\$4	,917,806
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.11%		0.34%		0.38%		0.37%		0.41%		0.43%		0.54%
ASRS - Long-term disability				Do			<b>T</b> 7							
risits bong term disability				110	port	ing Fiscal	Yea	41						
Lists Bong term distributely		2023		2022	port	ing Fiscal 2021	Yea	2020		2019		2018	20	17
Contractually required contribution	\$	<b>2023</b> 10,255	\$		port \$	_			)	<b>2019</b> \$ 8,057	\$	<b>2018</b> 8,079	\$ 20	6,724
	\$		•	2022		2021		2020			•		\$ 20	
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	10,255	•	<b>2022</b> 10,829		<b>2021</b> 10,932		<b>2020</b> \$ 8,140		\$ 8,057	•	8,079	\$ 20	6,724
Contractually required contribution  Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	10,255	\$	<b>2022</b> 10,829	\$	<b>2021</b> 10,932	) _	<b>2020</b> \$ 8,140	)) 	\$ 8,057	\$	8,079		6,724

Note: In accordance with GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the OPEB schedules above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

PSPRS - Police Pension					Reporting 1	Fisca	ıl Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 135,378	\$ 130,961	\$ 192,440	\$ 274,760	\$ 386,166	\$	445,030	\$ 353,353	\$ 336,612	\$ 201,140	\$ 212,639
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(223,327)	(218,910)	(280,389)	(1,341,843)	(1,658,508)		(1,307,650)	(353,353)	(336,612)	(201,140)	(212,639)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (87,949)	\$ (87,949)	\$ (87,949)	\$ (1,067,083)	\$ (1,272,342)	\$	(862,620)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 1,498,150	\$ 1,305,971	\$ 782,335	\$ 892,406	\$ 936,923	\$	1,100,649	\$ 1,170,755	\$ 947,481	\$ 858,148	\$ 908,313
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.04%	10.03%	24.60%	30.79%	41.22%		40.43%	30.18%	35.53%	23.44%	23.41%

#### **PSPRS - Police**

Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year													
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(208)	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		-		-		-		-		-		208		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	1,498,150	\$	1,305,971	\$	782,335	\$	892,406	\$	936,923	\$	1,100,649	\$	1,170,755
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		-0.02%		0.00%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension and OPEB schedules above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2023

PSPRS - Fire Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year																
	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 125,722	\$	146,145	\$	143,091	\$	178,245	\$	173,287	\$	167,968	\$	129,943	\$ 121,210	\$ 107,714	\$	121,193
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(159,205)		(205,249)		(202,195)		(419,025)		(386,287)		(327,142)		(129,943)	(121,210)	(107,714)		(121,193)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (33,482)	\$	(59,104)	\$	(59,104)	\$	(240,780)	\$	(213,000)	\$	(159,174)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$ 1,322,576	\$	613,791	\$	575,890	\$	673,289	\$	724,034	\$	819,724	\$	881,946	\$ 907,097	\$ 861,668	\$	902,241
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	9.51%		23.81%		24.85%		26.47%		23.93%		20.49%		14.73%	13.36%	12.50%		13.43%

**PSPRS - Fire** 

Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year													
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,178	\$	2,709	\$	3,187	\$	2,329	\$	2,204	\$	2,052	\$	2,735
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(2,178)		(2,709)		(3,187)		(2,329)		(2,204)		(2,052)		(2,735)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	1,322,576	\$	613,791	\$	575,890	\$	673,289	\$	724,034	\$	819,724	\$	881,946
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.16%		0.44%		0.55%		0.35%		0.30%		0.25% 7	¥	0.31%

Note: In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, employers will need to disclose a 10-year history for the pension and OPEB schedules above. Additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

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#### Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedule June 30, 2023

#### **Note 1.** Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarially determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percent of pay, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 18 years for underfunded liabilities; 20 years for

As of the 2021 actuarial valuation overfunded

Asset valuation method 7-Year smoothed market; 80%/120% market

corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate

of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return

decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary

increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to

4.0%-8.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-8.5%.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 4% to 3.5%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%.

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates that is specific to

the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006. Type 30, 2011

of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-

2010 tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males

and females)

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedule June 30, 2023

#### **NOTE 2.** Factors that Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 to cover members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

#### FOR THE FOLLOWING MAJOR FUNDS:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Highway User Special Revenue Fund** accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted for road construction and maintenance.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for grants received by the City which are restricted for specific purposes.

The **Airport Fund** is used to account for activities related to the operation of the City's airport.

#### **Basis of Budgeting:**

The City budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes:				
City sales tax	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 13,000,000	\$ 15,118,831	\$ 2,118,831
Franchise taxes	242,000	242,000	245,078	3,078
Total Taxes	13,242,000	13,242,000	15,363,909	2,121,909
Licenses, Permits and Fees:				
Planning and zoning fees	36,500	36,500	5,050	(31,450)
Dog licenses	500	500	94	(406)
Business registration fees	12,000	12,000	11,350	(650)
Building permits	130,000	130,000	138,487	8,487
Other	73,500	73,500	74,129	629
Total Licenses, Permits and Fees	252,500	252,500	229,110	(23,390)
Intergovernmental:				
State revenue sharing	1,435,985	1,435,985	1,399,049	(36,936)
Auto lieu taxes	453,193	453,193	414,889	(38,304)
State sales taxes	1,064,924	1,064,924	1,090,180	25,256
County library district	336,846	336,846	336,846	- -
Other	55,200	55,200	122,754	67,554
Total Intergovernmental	3,346,148	3,346,148	3,363,718	17,570
Charges for Services:				
Recreation	50,000	50,000	40,348	(9,652)
Rescue services	826,000	826,000	622,121	(203,879)
Library services	25,000	25,000	22,175	(2,825)
Public safety	28,000	28,000	30,580	2,580
Rents	60,000	60,000	118,157	58,157
Other	38,500	38,500	79,658	41,158
Total Charges for Services	1,027,500	1,027,500	913,039	(114,461)
Fines and Forfeitures:				
Fines & forfeitures	240,000	240,000	186,021	(53,979)
Total Fines and Forfeitures	240,000	240,000	186,021	(53,979)
Investment earnings (loss)	160,000	160,000	683,451	523,451
Other Revenues:				
Land and asset sales	1,004,000	1,004,000	102,948	(901,052)
Miscellaneous	37,000	37,000	1,051,468	1,014,468
Total Other Revenues	1,041,000	1,041,000	1,154,416	113,416
TOTAL REVENUES	19,309,148	19,309,148	21,893,664	2,584,516

(continued)

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
EXPENDITURES:	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
General Government:				
City Council	105,573	105,573	95,859	9,714
City Administration	351,273	351,273	345,167	6,106
City Clerk	268,811	268,811	218,836	49,975
City Attorney	458,942	458,942	354,630	104,312
Finance	526,672	565,519	565,327	192
Human Resources	1,075,367	1,075,367	640,345	435,022
General Services	1,574,989	1,530,123	991,531	538,592
Information Technology	741,544	741,544	681,371	60,173
<b>Total General Government</b>	5,103,171	5,097,152	3,893,066	1,204,086
Public Safety:				
Administration	805,077	830,381	830,136	245
Patrol	2,372,392	2,338,736	2,001,556	337,180
Communications	696,033	696,033	591,394	104,639
Investigations	308,478	317,230	317,020	210
Fire	2,602,277	2,602,277	2,267,228	335,049
Magistrate	586,592	586,592	567,164	19,428
Building and Safety	113,388	113,388	109,064	4,324
Total Public Safety	7,484,237	7,484,637	6,683,562	801,075
Public Works				
Administration	583,371	583,471	511,064	72,407
Planning and Zoning	398,745	398,745	297,948	100,797
Central Garage	459,909	459,909	454,926	4,983
Buildings Maintenance	421,507	421,407	329,730	91,677
Total Public Works	1,863,532	1,863,532	1,593,668	269,864
C. I. D. C.				
Culture and Recreation:	(00.400	(00.400	((5,000	22.500
Library	698,400	698,400	665,900	32,500
Parks & Trails Maintenance	540,316	540,316	507,086	33,230
Recreation	284,285	272,783	256,682	16,101
Total Culture and Recreation	1,523,001	1,511,499	1,429,668	81,831
				(continued)

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Community Development				
Community Center	283,935	283,935	245,126	38,809
Community Development	444,183	448,451	448,356	95
	728,118	732,386	693,482	38,904
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,702,059	16,689,206	14,293,446	2,395,760
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	2,607,089	2,619,942	7,600,218	4,980,276
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	3,082,917	3,082,917	2,967,277	(115,640)
Transfers out	(4,183,000)	(4,183,000)	(3,359,480)	823,520
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,100,083)	(1,100,083)	(392,203)	707,880
Net change in fund balance	1,507,006	1,519,859	7,208,015	5,688,156
Fund balance, beginning of year	26,150,137	26,150,137	26,150,137	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 27,657,143	\$ 27,669,996	\$ 33,358,152	\$ 5,688,156

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA HIGHWAY USER REVENUE FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	Variance with			
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget		
Revenues	 _			•					
Intergovernmental Revenue:									
Highway user revenue	\$ 1,023,781	\$	1,023,781	\$	916,086	\$	(107,695)		
Investment earnings	250		250		21,704		21,454		
Other revenues	 500		500				(500)		
Total revenues	 1,024,531		1,024,531		937,790		(86,741)		
Expenditures									
Streets and Highways Current:									
Salaries, wages and benefits	46		46		38		8		
Service, supplies and other	 1,021,220		1,021,220		221,211		800,009		
Total expenditures	1,021,266		1,021,266		221,249		800,017		
Excess of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	3,265		3,265		716,541		713,276		
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers to other funds	(26,000)		(26,000)		(15,919)		10,081		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(26,000)		(26,000)		(15,919)		10,081		
Net change in fund balance	(22,735)		(22,735)		700,622		723,357		
Fund balance, beginning of year	192,358		192,358		192,358				
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 169,623	\$	169,623	\$	892,980	\$	723,357		

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA **GRANTS FUND**

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		V	ariance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues			_	_		
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 9,973,143	\$	9,973,143	\$ 6,705,721	\$	(3,267,422)
Total revenues	 9,973,143		9,973,143	 6,705,721		(3,267,422)
Expenditures						
Public safety	498,000		344,950	161,929		183,021
Public works	2,501,375		2,412,075	150,953		2,261,122
Culture and recreation	1,158,000		898,550	429,530		469,020
Community support	6,456,500		6,990,300	 6,079,712		910,588
Total expenditures	10,613,875		10,645,875	 6,822,124		3,823,751
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (640,732)		(672,732)	 (116,403)		556,329
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers:						
Transfers out	 (602,000)		(602,000)	 (31,030)		570,970
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (602,000)		(602,000)	 (31,030)		570,970
Net change in fund balance	(1,242,732)		(1,274,732)	(147,433)		1,127,299
Fund balance, beginning of year	 498,908		498,908	 498,908		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (743,824)	\$	(775,824)	\$ 351,475	\$	1,127,299

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA AIRPORT FUND

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,954,734	\$ 1,954,734	\$ 301,378	\$ (1,653,356)
Charges for services	63,000	63,000	94,177	31,177
Rents and royalties	407,500	407,500	409,172	1,672
Miscellaneous	128,200	128,200	140,305	12,105
Total revenues	2,553,434	2,553,434	945,032	(1,608,402)
Expenditures				
Public works	1,413,090	1,404,590	386,706	1,017,884
Total expenditures	1,413,090	1,404,590	386,706	1,017,884
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,140,344	1,148,844	558,326	(590,518)
Other Financing Sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(1,355,191)	(1,355,191)	(276,563)	1,078,628
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,355,191)	(1,355,191)	(276,563)	1,078,628
Net change in fund balance	(214,847)	(206,347)	281,763	488,110
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,438,814	2,438,814	2,438,814	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,223,967	\$ 2,232,467	\$ 2,720,577	\$ 488,110

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

#### FOR THE FOLLOWING MAJOR FUNDS:

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the government's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings	\$ 6,399,000	\$ 216,359 70,449	\$ (6,182,641) 70,449
Total revenues	6,399,000	286,808	(6,112,192)
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	16,209,486	4,680,088	11,529,398
Debt service	438,000	431,808	6,192
Total expenditures	16,647,486	5,111,896	11,535,590
Excess of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(10,248,486)	(4,825,088)	5,423,398
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer in	5,646,167	3,840,030	(1,806,137)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,646,167	3,840,030	(1,806,137)
Net change in fund balances	(4,602,319)	(985,058)	3,617,261
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,096,901	8,096,901	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,494,582	\$ 7,111,843	\$ 3,617,261

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purpose.

- The **Substance Abuse Fund** is used to account for the activity of the City's substance abuse funds.
- The **Miscellaneous Donations Fund** is used to account for donations received by the City which are restricted for specific purposes.
- The **Judicial Collection Enhancement Fund** is used to account for activities associated with the Magistrate Court.
- The **Perpetual Care Fund** is used to account for resources held by the City for the perpetual care of the cemetery.
- The **Magistrate Court Improvement Fund** is used to account for resources held by the City for the Improvement of the Magistrate Court.
- The **GAP Fund** is used to account for resources obtained from the ACJC to improve the processing of criminal cases.
- The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of current and future debt service requirements of governmental debt.

#### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Assets	ibstance Abuse	cellaneous onations	C	udicial ollection ancement	Po	erpetual Care	(	ngistrate Court Covements	 GAP	Debt Service		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,887	\$ 20,111	\$	10,120	\$	391,221	\$	2,138	\$ 1,191	\$	-	\$	460,668
Receivables: Other						10,420							10.420
Due from other funds				371		10,420		-			-		10,420 371
Due from other governments	_	_		-		-		-	486		_		486
Total assets	\$ 35,887	\$ 20,111	\$	10,491	\$	401,641	\$	2,138	\$ 1,677	\$	_	\$	471,945
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 440	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,609 1,555	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	3,049 1,555
Total liabilities	-	440				4,164			-				4,604
Deferred inflows of resources													
Deferred inflows related to leases	-	-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Total dererred inflows of resources									-				
Fund Balances Restricted for:													
Perpetual care	-	-		-		397,477		-			-		397,477
Public safety	35,887	-		-		-		2,138	1,677		-		39,702
Community support Committed for:	-	19,671		-		-		-			-		19,671
Judicial	 	 		10,491		-			 		-		10,491
Total fund balances	 35,887	 19,671		10,491		397,477		2,138	 1,677				467,341
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 35,887	\$ 20,111	\$	10,491	\$	401,641	\$	2,138	\$ 1,677	\$		\$	471,945

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Special R	evenue			Debt Service	
	Substance Abuse	Miscellaneous Donations	Judicial Collection Enhancement	Perpetual Care	Magistrate Court Improvement	GAP	Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					•			
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 2,882	\$ -	\$ 2,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,677	\$ -	\$ 7,492
Charges for services	-	-	-	36,276	2,138	-	-	38,414
Investment earnings	-	10.651	7	-	-	-	-	7
Other revenues		18,651		37,017				55,668
Total revenues	2,882	18,651	2,940	73,293	2,138	1,677		101,581
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety	-	5,941	-	-	-	-	-	5,941
Judicial	-	-	6,936	-	-	-	-	6,936
Culture and recreation	-	11,867	-	-	-	-	-	11,867
Community support		8,307		73,436				81,743
Total expenditures		26,115	6,936	73,436				106,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,882	(7,464)	(3,996)	(143)	2,138	1,677		(4,906)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out							(857,102)	(857,102)
Total other financing sources and uses							(857,102)	(857,102)
Net change in fund balances	2,882	(7,464)	(3,996)	(143)	2,138	1,677	(857,102)	(862,008)
Fund balances, beginning of year	33,005	27,135	14,487	397,620			857,102	1,329,349
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 35,887	\$ 19,671	\$ 10,491	\$ 397,477	\$ 2,138	\$ 1,677	\$ -	\$ 467,341

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA SUBSTANCE ABUSE

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	E	Budget	 Actual	iance with Budget
Revenues				
Substance abuse revenue	\$	2,500	\$ 2,882	\$ 382
Expenditures				
Public safety:				
Substance abuse expenditures		32,500		 32,500
Excess of revenue over(under) expenditures		(30,000)	2,882	32,882
Fund balance, beginning of year		33,005	33,005	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,005	\$ 35,887	\$ 32,882

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA MISCELLANEOUS DONATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Revenues	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
Other revenues	\$ 14,600	18,651	\$ 4,051
Total revenues	14,600	18,651	4,051
Expenditures			
Public safety	7,000	5,941	1,059
Culture and recreation	12,300	11,867	433
Community support	16,500	8,307	8,193
Total expenditures	35,800	26,115	9,685
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,200)	(7,464)	13,736
Fund balance, beginning of year	27,135	27,135	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,935	\$ 19,671	\$ 13,736

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA JUDICIAL COLLECTION ENHANCEMENT

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

### Budget and Actual

Revenues	E	Budget	 Actual	Variance with Budget			
Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings	\$	4,000 50	\$ 2,933	\$	(1,067) (43)		
Total revenues		4,050	2,940		(1,110)		
Expenditures							
Public safety: Magistrate		11,200	6,936		4,264		
Total expenditures		11,200	 6,936		4,264		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,150)	(3,996)		3,154		
Fund balance, beginning of year		14,487	14,487				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	7,337	\$ 10,491	\$	3,154		

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA PERPETUAL CARE

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

### Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget			
Revenues		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
Charges for services	\$	25,000	\$ 36,276	\$	11,276		
Other revenues		30,000	 37,017		7,017		
Total revenues		55,000	73,293		18,293		
Expenditures							
Current:							
Community support		14,500	9,299		5,201		
Benefits		23,548	22,939		609		
Salaries and Wages		42,913	 41,198		1,715		
Total expenditures		80,961	 73,436		7,525		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(25,961)	 (143)		25,818		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers out		(55,000)	 		55,000		

(55,000)

(80,961)

397,620

316,659

55,000

80,818

80,818

(143)

397,620

397,477

\$

Total other financing sources (uses)

Net change in fund balances

Fund balance, beginning of year

Fund balance, end of year

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA MAGISTRATE COURT IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Bu	dget	 Actual	Variance with Budget			
Revenues				•			
Charges for Services	\$		\$ 2,138	\$	2,138		
Total revenues			 2,138		2,138		
Expenditures							
Total expenditures			 		-		
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures			 2,138		2,138		
Other financing sources (uses)							
Total other financing sources (uses)			 		-		
Net change in fund balances		-	2,138		2,138		
Fund balance, beginning of year			 		-		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_	\$ 2,138	\$	2,138		

# CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA GAP

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Buc	lget	A	Actual		ance with
Revenues					·	
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$		\$	1,677	\$	1,677
Total revenues				1,677		1,677
Expenditures Total expenditures		<u>-</u>				_
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures				1,677		1,677
Other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				-
Net change in fund balances		-		1,677		1,677
Fund balance, beginning of year						-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	1,677	\$	1,677

### CITY OF PAGE, ARIZONA DEBT SERVICE FUND

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	]	Budget	Actual	Va	riance with Budget
Revenues					
Investment earnings	\$		\$ 	\$	
Total revenues			 		
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal		-	-		-
Interest					
Total expenditures					
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures					
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		200,000	-		(200,000)
Transfers out		(200,000)	 (857,102)		(657,102)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(857,102)		(857,102)
Net change in fund balances		-	(857,102)		(857,102)
Fund balance, beginning of year		857,102	 857,102	1	-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	857,102	\$ 	\$	(857,102)

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Page's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	04
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	12
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's property taxes and the most significant local revenues source, the sales tax.	
Debt Capacity	14
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	20
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	22
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

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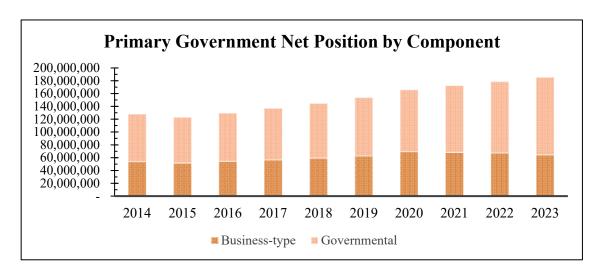
### **Net Position by Component (unaudited)**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	nded June 30				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Governmental activities:										
Net investment capital										
assets	\$ 65,625,222	\$ 66,846,433	\$ 66,219,507	\$ 66,200,813	\$ 68,395,001	\$ 69,659,085	\$ 69,889,750	\$ 71,621,631	\$ 76,771,123	\$ 80,901,011
Restricted	2,677,622	3,636,384	5,517,158	10,106,948	11,338,638	9,682,423	11,944,783	13,299,224	10,103,029	9,619,411
Unrestricted	5,940,046	813,828	3,607,697	3,936,599	5,831,771	11,684,949	14,692,191	19,553,927	24,491,197	30,608,198
Total governmental										
activities net position	74,242,890	71,296,645	75,344,362	80,244,360	85,565,410	91,026,457	96,526,724	104,474,782	111,365,349	121,128,620
<b>Business-type activities:</b>										
Net investment capital										
assets	31,503,885	32,419,796	32,210,341	32,807,741	32,628,302	35,838,822	34,947,403	38,764,682	38,305,688	37,643,355
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	124,639
Unrestricted	22,449,818	19,339,087	22,086,197	23,938,589	26,699,050	27,041,775	34,595,396	29,514,239	29,201,794	26,575,044
Total business-type										
activities net position	53,953,703	51,758,883	54,296,538	56,746,330	59,327,352	62,880,597	69,542,799	68,278,921	67,507,482	64,343,038
Primary government										
Net investment capital										
assets	97,129,107	99,266,229	98,429,848	99,008,554	101,023,303	105,497,907	104,837,153	110,386,313	115,076,811	118,544,366
Restricted	2,677,622	3,636,384	5,517,158	10,106,948	11,338,638	9,682,423	11,944,783	13,299,224	10,103,029	9,744,050
Unrestricted	28,389,864	20,152,915	25,693,894	27,875,188	32,530,821	38,726,724	49,287,587	49,068,166	53,692,991	57,183,242
Total primary government										
net position	128,196,593	123,055,528	129,640,900	136,990,690	144,892,762	153,907,054	166,069,523	172,753,703	178,872,831	185,471,658

Source: Statement of Net Position



### **Change in Net Position (unaudited)**

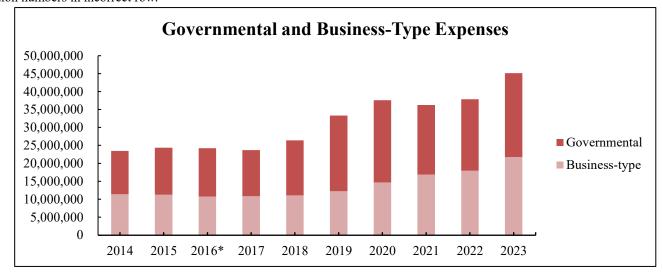
**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Ended June 30				
Expenses	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016*</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	<u>2023</u>
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,524,762	\$ 2,689,305	\$ 2,384,107	\$ 2,517,770	\$ 3,282,422	\$ 4,644,028	\$ 3,831,163	\$ 3,253,282	\$ 3,164,721	\$ 4,084,224
Public safety	4,548,431	5,088,415	5,277,461	5,300,648	6,048,643	3,998,934	5,346,184	6,023,874	5,824,832	6,458,600
Judicial	272,341	331,636	3,312,763	13,245	8,457	5,497,750	3,648,509	7,886	9,649	7,114
Public works	2,298,994	2,515,340	8,348	2,642,246	3,362,138	16,142	9,936	4,175,997	4,264,878	3,945,218
Culture and recreation	1,277,349	1,400,709	1,259,145	1,368,639	1,601,945	1,544,092	4,774,238	1,024,384	1,333,513	1,717,817
Community Support	614,650	569,090	774,053	567,743	618,843	4,970,310	4,905,730	4,583,515	5,309,658	7,156,603
Interest on long-term debt	511,285	489,762	467,237	448,474	427,529	407,326	383,336	297,258	14,779	4,961
Total governmental activities	12,047,812	13,084,257	13,483,114	12,858,765	15,349,977	21,078,582	22,899,096	19,366,196	19,922,030	23,374,537
<b>Business-type activities:</b>										
Water	1,676,973	1,570,517	1,422,969	1,621,247	1,639,605	1,727,545	1,588,783	1,743,042	1,853,181	1,789,388
Sewer	1,295,142	1,358,747	1,322,480	1,438,193	1,396,058	1,520,319	1,616,752	1,563,422	1,620,118	1,666,189
Electric	7,804,901	7,697,548	7,351,933	7,100,576	7,320,987	717,310	6,922,860	10,160,062	10,929,498	14,623,431
Sanitation	616,463	633,182	642,385	665,396	689,077	8,013,267	749,644	772,221	812,728	898,646
Horseshoe Bend	-	-	-	-	-	263,265	2,400,164	1,212,255	1,268,940	1,177,987
Golf	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,398,663	1,429,749	1,439,084	1,592,497
Total business-type activities	11,393,479	11,259,994	10,739,767	10,825,412	11,045,727	12,241,706	14,676,866	16,880,751	17,923,549	21,748,138
<b>Total Primary Governmental</b>										
Expenses	23,441,291	24,344,251	24,222,881	23,684,177	26,395,704	33,320,288	37,575,962	36,246,947	37,845,579	45,122,675

Source: Statement of Activities

2016 Restated: Electric and Sanitation numbers in incorrect row.



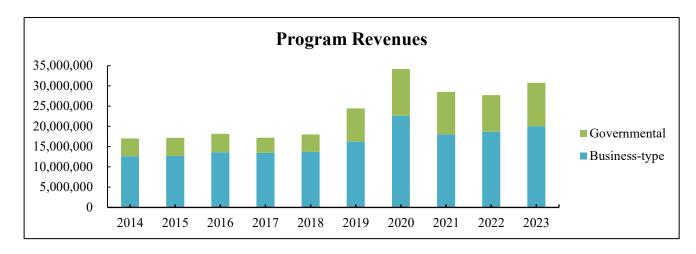
### **Change in Net Position - continued (unaudited)**

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

				_		Fiscal Year E	nde	d June 30					
<b>Program Revenues</b>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		2020	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023
Governmental activities:													
Charges for services													
General government	\$ 105,700	\$ 110,537	\$ 119,155	\$	\$ 140,530	\$ 108,321	\$	96,461	\$	86,163	\$ 88,033	\$ 108,245	\$ 157,248
Public safety	594,231	780,392	1,230,660		1,197,174	1,234,686		1,170,052		1,069,039	1,071,775	938,410	922,454
Judicial	326,320	285,196	0		0	0		0		0	0	0	0
Public works	653,229	675,223	750,676		716,320	614,337		679,565		804,126	731,628	831,508	841,688
Culture and recreation	140,516	137,129	99,874		94,299	102,395		87,525		52,048	20,495	59,239	77,717
Community support	39,470	37,786	32,555		20,251	12,438		13,119		14,916	13,763	3,639	11,625
Operating grants and contributions	1,369,623	1,248,559	1,433,449		1,350,225	1,356,363		5,641,026		5,928,375	6,766,527	6,671,846	8,256,833
Capital grants and contributions	1,139,188	1,184,230	872,703		232,075	898,224		530,262		3,554,737	1,774,556	440,459	411,148
Total governmental activities	4,368,277	4,459,052	4,539,072	_	3,750,874	4,326,764		8,218,010	1	1,509,404	 10,466,777	 9,053,346	10,678,713
<b>Business-type activities:</b>													
Charges for services													
Water	1,727,920	1,897,152	1,870,895		1,902,113	2,028,813		1,906,558		2,087,440	2,082,946	1,947,131	1,845,664
Sewer	1,561,479	1,469,034	1,583,968		1,845,445	1,950,676		1,923,262		1,891,245	1,837,331	1,909,382	1,866,191
Electric	8,489,555	8,475,019	9,287,791		8,798,034	8,765,309		964,834		9,488,096	9,204,592	9,233,328	9,672,489
Sanitation	845,130	861,008	872,859		902,969	932,174		9,245,198		951,109	878,003	915,384	1,012,653
Horseshoe Bend	-	-	-		-	-		1,646,549		4,024,228	2,984,258	3,553,877	4,463,103
Golf	-	-	-		-	-		-		596,210	1,035,038	1,113,809	1,151,595
Capital grants and contributions	 		 					528,738	_	3,597,898	3,565		54,324
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	12,624,084	12,702,213	13,615,513	_	13,448,561	13,676,972		16,215,139	2	2,636,226	 18,025,733	18,672,911	20,066,019
Total Program Revenues	16,992,361	17,161,265	18,154,585		17,199,435	18,003,736		24,433,149	3	4,145,630	28,492,510	27,726,257	30,744,732

Source: Statement of Activities



### **Change in Net Position - continued (unaudited)**

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	nded June 30				
General and Other Revenues Governmental activities	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Taxes:										
	¢ 7 054 073	¢ 0.014.012	¢ 10 296 270	¢ 11 226 004	¢ 12 104 212	¢ 14 166 150	¢ 12 100 977	¢ 11 107 400	¢ 12 600 426	¢ 15 110 021
City Sales taxes	\$ 7,854,872	\$ 9,014,013	\$ 10,286,279	\$ 11,336,994	\$ 13,194,212	\$ 14,166,152	\$ 12,100,877	\$ 11,187,498	\$ 13,609,436	\$ 15,118,831
State Sales taxes	630,799	658,664	685,284	686,412	729,558	759,827	781,163	893,189	1,049,592	1,090,180
Property taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Franchise taxes	268,405	241,159	244,342	237,920	233,788	250,360	233,405	227,848	209,977	245,078
Auto lieu tax	285,107	295,945	319,311	329,229	351,107	358,939	352,987	421,154	414,004	414,889
Unrestricted state shared revenue	807,770	877,294	872,538	916,348	941,208	914,667	978,393	1,075,999	981,403	1,399,049
Land Sales	229,597	729,101	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment earnings (losses)	4,639	7,198	61,888	136,796	287,136	509,076	771,305	559,284	(146,481)	775,611
Miscellaneous	157,453	136,509	157,195	132,094	141,340	221,452	141,458	61,921	90,417	1,045,297
Gain/(loss) on disposal of asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	102,948
Transfers	351,101	346,838	364,922	232,096	140,108	141,147	1,530,371	2,420,584	1,550,903	2,267,212
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	10,589,743	12,306,721	12,991,759	14,007,889	16,018,457	17,321,620	16,889,959	16,847,477	17,759,251	22,459,095
<b>Business-type activities</b>										
Investment earnings/(losses)	(64,657)	8,824	26,831	58,739	150,517	276,715	233,213	9,219	32,616	746,966
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of asset	-	1,133	-	-	(61,163)	40,284	-	2,505	1,800	37,921
Transfers	(352,226)	(346,838)	(364,922)	(232,096)	(140,108)	(141,147)	(1,530,371)	(2,420,584)	(1,550,903)	(2,267,212)
Total business-type activities	(416,883)	(336,881)	(338,091)	(173,357)	(50,754)	175,852	(1,297,158)	(2,408,860)	(1,516,487)	(1,482,325)
<b>Total General and Other Revenues</b>	10,172,860	11,969,840	12,653,668	13,834,532	15,967,703	17,497,472	15,592,801	14,438,617	16,242,764	20,976,770

Source: Statement of Activities



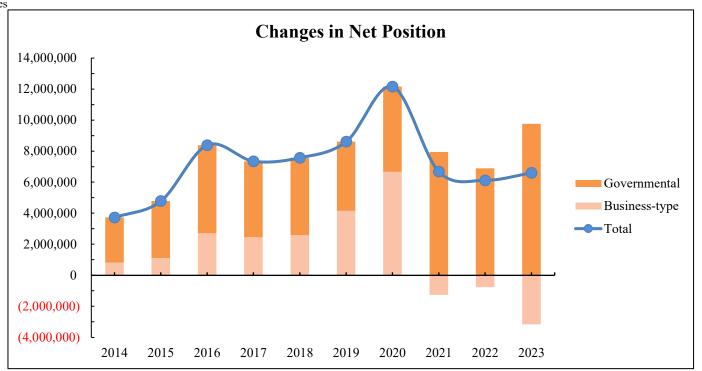
### **Change in Net Position - continued (unaudited)**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	nded June 30				
Summary	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
Expenses	\$ (12,047,812)	\$ (13,084,257)	\$ (12,858,765)	\$ (12,858,765)	\$ (15,349,977)	\$ (21,078,582)	\$ (22,899,906)	\$ (19,366,196)	\$ (19,922,030)	\$ (23,374,537)
Program Revenue	4,368,277	4,459,052	4,539,072	3,750,874	4,326,764	8,218,010	11,509,404	10,466,777	9,053,346	10,678,713
Net (Expense) Revenue	(7,679,535)	(8,625,205)	(8,319,693)	(9,107,891)	(11,023,213)	(12,860,572)	(11,389,692)	(8,899,419)	(10,868,684)	(12,695,824)
General Revenues and Other	10,589,743	12,306,721	14,007,889	14,007,889	16,018,457	17,321,620	16,889,959	16,847,477	17,759,251	22,459,095
Total governmental activities	2,910,208	3,681,516	5,688,196	4,899,998	4,995,244	4,461,048	5,500,267	7,948,058	6,890,567	9,763,271
<b>Business-type Activities</b>										
Expenses	11,393,479	11,259,994	10,739,767	10,825,412	11,045,727	12,241,706	14,676,866	16,880,751	17,923,549	21,748,138
Program Revenue	12,624,084	12,702,213	13,615,513	13,448,561	13,676,972	16,215,139	22,636,226	18,025,733	18,672,911	20,066,019
General Revenues and Other	(416,883)	(336,881)	(173,357)	(173,357)	(50,754)	175,852	(1,297,158)	(2,408,860)	(1,516,487)	(1,482,325)
Total business-type activities	813,722	1,105,338	2,702,389	2,449,792	2,580,491	4,149,285	6,662,202	(1,263,878)	(767,125)	(3,164,444)
Total Primary Government	3,723,930	4,786,854	8,390,585	7,349,790	7,575,735	8,610,333	12,162,469	6,684,180	6,123,442	6,598,827

Source: Statement of Activities

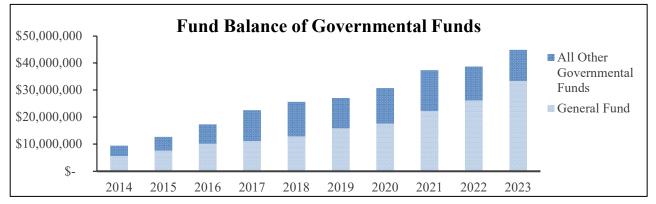


### **Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year I	Ended June 30				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
General Fund:										
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	50,099	62,976	73,698	-	-	-	260	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	5,503,593	7,541,520	10,066,148	11,148,425	12,869,809	15,810,863	17,577,602	22,288,564	26,150,137	33,358,152
<b>Total General Fund</b>	\$ 5,553,692	\$ 7,604,496	\$ 10,139,846	\$ 11,148,425	\$ 12,869,809	\$ 15,810,863	\$ 17,577,862	\$ 22,288,564	\$ 26,150,137	\$ 33,358,152
All Other Governmental Fund	ds:									
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	2,677,622	3,636,384	5,517,158	10,106,948	11,338,638	509,529	590,873	666,653	\$ 1,149,026	\$ 1,701,305
Committed	1,166,739	1,419,991	1,653,804	1,282,845	1,454,239	1,552,535	1,183,735	1,797,112	2,453,301	2,731,068
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	9,172,894	11,353,910	12,632,571	8,954,003	7,111,843
Unassigned										-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 3,844,361	\$ 5,056,375	\$ 7,170,962	\$ 11,389,793	\$ 12,792,877	\$ 11,234,958	\$ 13,128,518	\$ 15,096,336	\$ 12,556,330	\$ 11,544,216
<b>Total Government Funds</b>	\$ 9,398,053	\$ 12,660,871	\$ 17,310,808	\$ 22,538,218	\$ 25,662,686	\$ 27,045,821	\$ 30,706,380	\$ 37,384,900	\$ 38,706,467	\$ 44,902,368



Source - Balance Sheet

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 were adopted in fiscal year 2011. The standard replaces the previous reserved and unreserved fund balance categories with the following five fund balance classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.

### **Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds**

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year I	Ended June 30		`		8/
Revenues:	2014	<u>2015</u>	2016	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022	<u>2023</u>
Taxes	\$ 8,123,277	\$ 9,255,172	\$ 10,530,621	\$ 11,574,914	\$ 13,428,000	\$ 14,416,512	\$ 12,334,282	\$ 11,415,346	\$ 13,819,413	\$ 15,363,909
Licenses and permits	127,525	186,044	294,055	294,515	169,436	244,088	307,155	179,633	241,793	229,110
Intergovernmental	3,225,006	4,325,745	4,284,524	3,482,449	4,189,230	8,178,358	11,559,466	10,553,660	9,575,246	11,510,754
Charges for services	869,669	1,025,308	1,154,090	1,145,367	1,202,810	1,106,542	968,678	1,018,625	953,463	1,045,630
Fines and forfeitures	352,606	313,388	286,430	252,557	222,594	246,499	236,453	198,693	190,332	186,021
Rents and royalties	390,504	383,710	382,473	368,224	363,312	336,270	386,317	372,809	408,132	409,172
Investment income	4,640	6,892	56,656	136,766	287,106	509,056	771,289	559,284	(146,482)	775,611
Land sales	246,275	357,700	144,300	293,004	-	53,456	1,295	540,516	20,104	102,948
Miscellaneous	239,400	193,573	177,059	267,475	342,646	307,728	304,057	263,292	200,031	1,247,441
Total revenues	13,578,902	16,047,532	17,310,208	17,815,271	20,205,134	25,398,509	26,868,992	25,101,858	25,262,032	30,870,596
Expenditures:										
Current -										
General government	\$ 2,344,342	\$ 2,412,666	\$ 2,484,086	\$ 2,493,096	\$ 3,722,547	\$ 4,349,976	\$ 3,986,115	\$ 3,059,489	\$ 3,153,949	\$ 3,893,066
Public safety	4,161,909	4,288,079	4,709,304	4,981,725	5,461,311	5,380,344	5,505,020	5,454,344	5,829,001	6,851,432
Judicial	272,341	331,636	1,320,767	13,216	8,447	16,280	10,889	7,650	9,594	6,936
Public works	1,077,785	1,296,595	8,062	1,354,570	2,090,641	4,364,007	2,566,547	2,790,643	2,862,852	2,352,576
Culture and recreation	929,787	1,018,995	900,986	1,035,250	1,276,693	1,227,325	813,605	857,489	1,180,274	1,871,065
Community support	561,816	546,129	506,816	509,616	560,471	4,961,023	5,138,799	4,260,757	5,228,657	6,854,937
Capital outlay	143,081	1,754,289	1,708,821	1,107,036	2,707,997	2,481,663	5,654,824	3,268,956	1,868,866	4,680,088
Debt service -										
Principal	873,963	1,013,504	939,171	959,329	984,997	1,011,399	1,045,302	1,241,071	5,343,395	426,847
Interest and fiscal charges	491,106	469,660	447,180	428,565	407,670	385,184	359,736	327,422	14,779	4,961
Refunding bond issuance costs						1	-			
Total expenditures	\$ 10,856,130	\$ 13,131,553	\$ 13,025,193	\$ 12,882,403	\$ 17,220,774	\$ 24,177,201	\$ 25,080,837	\$ 21,267,821	\$ 25,491,367	\$ 26,941,908
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ 2,722,772	\$ 2,915,979	\$ 4,285,015	\$ 4,932,868	\$ 2,984,360	\$ 1,221,308	\$ 1,788,155	\$ 3,834,037	\$ (229,335)	\$ 3,928,688
Other Funding Sources										
Issuance of long-term debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Premium on long-term debt issuance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,901,044	3,097,016	4,176,746	6,428,900	4,597,346	6,570,523	7,658,860	6,111,025	5,587,769	6,807,307
Transfers out	(1,548,818)	(2,750,178)	(3,811,824)	(6,196,804)	(4,457,238)	(6,429,376)	(6,128,489)	(3,690,441)	(4,036,867)	(4,540,094)
Debt proceeds	-	-	-	62,446	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Debt		-	-	-		20,681	342,033	423,899		-
<b>Total other financing sources</b>	352,226	346,838	364,922	294,542	140,108	161,828	1,872,404	2,844,483	1,550,902	2,267,213
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 3,074,998	\$ 3,262,817	\$ 4,649,937	\$ 5,227,410	\$ 3,124,468	\$ 1,383,136	\$3,660,559	\$6,678,520	\$1,321,567	\$6,195,901

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds  $^{110}$ 

### **Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds-Continued**

#### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

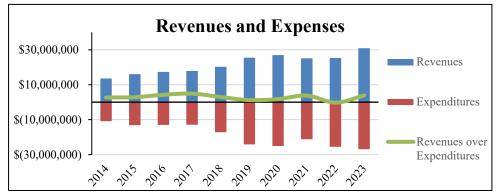
Statistical Section
Financial Trends
(Accrual basis of accounting)

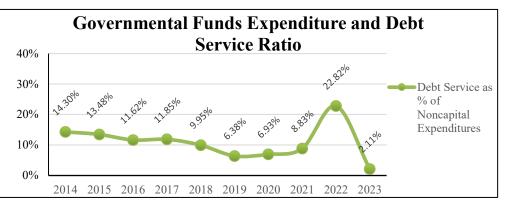
					Fiscal Year E	Inded June 30				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Capital Outlay (1)	1,306,959	2,125,001	1,095,959	1,171,699	3,224,914	2,293,400	4,800,668	3,514,423	2,014,449	6,481,682
Debt Ratio										
Total Debt Service	\$ 1,365,069	\$ 1,483,164	\$ 1,386,351	\$ 1,387,894	\$ 1,392,667	\$ 1,396,583	\$ 1,405,038	\$ 1,568,493	\$ 5,358,174	\$ 431,808
Total Noncapital Expenditure (2)	9,549,171	11,006,552	11,929,234	11,710,704	13,995,860	21,883,801	20,280,169	17,753,398	23,476,918	20,460,226
Debt Service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	14.30%	13.48%	11.62%	11.85%	9.95%	6.38%	6.93%	8.83%	22.82%	2.11%

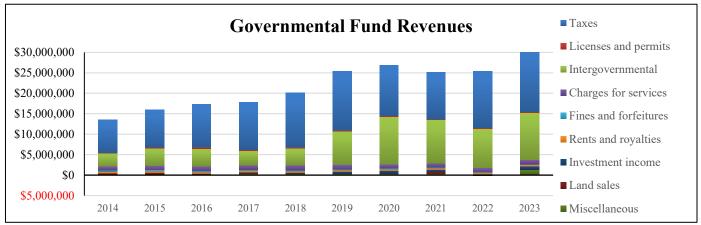
Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Note (1): Capital outlay amount from Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governamental Funds.

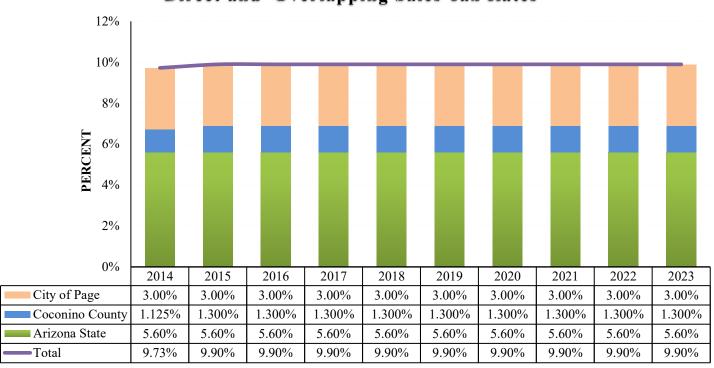
Note (2): Noncapital Expenditure is total expenditures less capital outlay.







### Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates



Source: Arizona Department of Revenue Transaction Privilege and Tax Rate Table

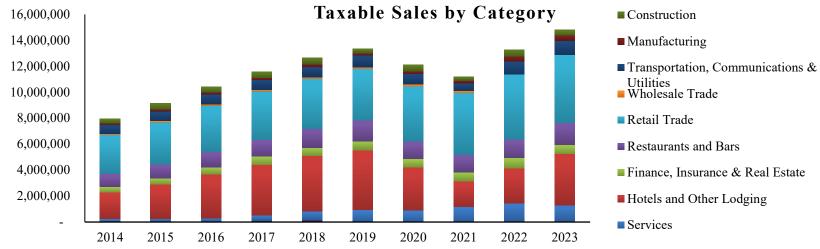
**Taxable Sales by Category** 

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Statistical Section

**Revenue Capacity** 

					Fiscal Year	<b>Ended June 30</b>				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Categories										
Construction	\$ 327,841	\$ 452,763	\$ 409,185	\$ 429,858	\$ 487,537	\$ 344,929	\$ 475,299	\$ 284,191	\$ 522,186	\$ 433,822
Manufacturing	137,727	142,410	145,331	172,444	187,977	179,667	209,963	202,290	393,670	388,699
Transportation,										
Communications &										
Utilities	685,400	749,131	779,169	757,718	815,827	905,392	811,780	561,716	986,509	1,091,608
Wholesale Trade	89,162	95,188	106,697	126,063	143,049	120,021	152,700	176,380	316,137	311,638
Retail Trade	3,004,568	3,242,532	3,571,896	3,740,548	3,834,007	3,984,088	4,241,485	4,755,410	5,007,765	5,238,525
Restaurants and Bars	992,213	1,073,044	1,177,615	1,288,074	1,453,554	1,603,891	1,356,159	1,382,077	1,423,517	1,709,597
Finance, Insurance & Real										
Estate	420,751	478,540	537,463	632,185	624,175	668,962	638,480	672,965	815,115	699,015
Hotels and Other Lodging	2,051,502	2,630,073	3,379,315	3,902,505	4,289,017	4,616,283	3,320,223	1,995,275	2,701,161	3,969,453
Services	184,030	221,786	258,716	404,210	671,542	914,912	872,146	1,143,656	1,398,228	1,233,247
All Others Not Specified	56,667	51,755	50,509	111,894	152,545	20,305	22,644	13,538	45,147	43,227
	7,949,863	9,137,222	10,415,895	11,565,499	12,659,231	13,358,451	12,100,877	11,187,498	13,609,436	15,118,831
Total	\$7,949,863	\$9,137,222	\$10,415,895	\$11,565,499	\$12,659,231	\$13,358,451	\$12,100,877	\$11,187,498	\$ 13,609,436	\$15,118,831



Source: The source of this information is the City's financial records-Standard Industry (NAICS) Summary for Page, Arizona July 2018 - June 2019 from Monthly Tax Report. Modified in FY2020 to reflect month tax was reported versus month received.

City of Page, Arizona

### **Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type**

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section

Debt Capacity
(Accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2014</u>	i	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017		<u>2018</u>		<u> 2019</u>		<u> 2020</u>		2021	2022	2023
<b>Governmental Activities</b>																		
General Obligation Bonds (1)	1,	,309,609	1,	,127,691		943,520		759,190		574,193		387,794		197,492		-	-	-
Leases		344,412		223,284		148,078		128,968		41,683		49,049		365,107		630,679	432,344	-
Notes Payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Revenue Obligation Bonds (1)	11,	,347,891	10,	,568,864	9	,764,837	- 8	3,940,810	8	,091,783	7	,217,756	6	,313,729	5	,374,702		-
Total Governmental							_		_		_							
Activities	13.	,001,912	11,	,919,839	10	,856,435		9,828,968	8	,707,659	7,	,654,599	6	,876,328	6	,005,381	 432,344	-
<b>Business Activities</b>																		
Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Leases				-		-		-		-		-		106,597		104,946	145,224	101,209
<b>Total Business Activities</b>		-		-		-		-		_		-		106,597		104,946	145,224	101,209
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	13,	,001,912	11,	,919,839	10	,856,435	9	9,828,968	8	,707,659	7.	654,599	6	982,925	6	,110,327	577,568	101,209
·																		
% of Assessed Value (2)		20.10%		17.74%		15.62%		13.70%		10.71%		9.41%		8.12%		6.63%	0.63%	0.10%
% of Personal Income (3)		6.57%		7.05%		5.92%		4.90%		5.60%		4.92%		4.39%		3.61%	0.37%	0.07%
Per Capita (4)	\$	1,734	\$	1,581	\$	1,442	\$	1,293	\$	1,151	\$	1,012	\$	927	\$	811	\$ 78	\$ 14

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements Long-Term Debt

Note (1): Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums

Note (2): Percentage is Total Primary Government divided by Net Assessed Value provided by Coconino County disclosed in Legal Debt Margin Information page.

Note (3): Personal income is disclosed in Demographic and Economic Information page

Note (4): Population disclosed in Demographic and Economic Information page

Statistical Section

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds (1) Less: Amounts Available in	1,309,609	1,127,691	943,520	759,190	574,193	387,794	197,492	-	-	-
Debt Service Fund (5)	(139,994)	(121,953)	(94,339)	(75,939)	(58,130)	(50,046)	(32,557)	(3,089)		-
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	\$1,169,615	\$1,005,738	\$ 849,181	\$ 683,251	\$ 516,063	\$ 337,748	\$ 164,935	\$ (3,089)	\$ -	\$ -
% of Assessed Value (2)	1.81%	1.50%	1.26%	0.95%	0.68%	0.42%	0.19%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
% of Personal Income (3)	0.42%	0.34%	0.28%	0.34%	0.33%	0.22%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Per Capita (4)	\$ 158	\$ 133	\$ 113	\$ 90	\$ 68	\$ 45	\$ 22	\$ (0)	\$ -	\$ -

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements Long-Term Liabilities

Note (1): Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums (Airport Lease Purchase, Series 2004 Bond).

Note (2): Percentage is Total Primary Government divided by Net Assessed Value provided by Coconino County disclosed in Legal Debt Margin Information page.

Note (3): Percentage is Total Primary Government divided by Personal Income disclosed in Demographic and Economic Information page

Note (4): Amount is Total Primary Government divided by population disclosed in Demographic and Economic Information page

Note (5): Amount from Balance Sheet Government Funds - Restricted cash and cash equivalents in Debt Service Fund.

City of Page, Arizona
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Statistical Section

Debt Capacity
(Accrual basis of accounting)

The City of Page is autonomous from any county, town, or other political subdivisions of the State of Arizona. There is no overlapping general obligation debt or taxing powers.

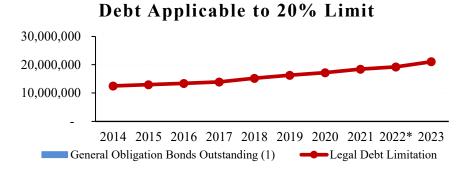
### **Legal Debt Margin Information**

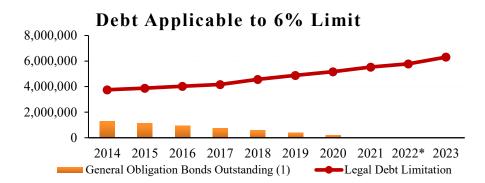
**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section

Debt Capacity
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year	Ended June 30				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022*</u>	<u>2023</u>
Assessed Value of Real Property (2)* reinstated	\$ 64,679,910	\$ 67,174,588	\$ 69,491,903	\$ 71,737,815	\$ 76,071,757	\$ 81,314,653	\$ 86,048,461	\$ 92,189,515	\$ 99,506,455	\$ 105,291,111
20% Limitation Legal Debt Limitation	\$ 12,517,026	\$ 12,935,982	\$ 13,434,918	\$ 13,898,381	\$ 15,214,351	\$ 16,262,931	\$ 17,209,692	\$ 18,437,903	\$ 19,250,996	\$ 21,058,222
General Obligation Bonds Outstanding (1)										-
Debt Margin Available	\$ 12,517,026	\$ 12,935,982	\$ 13,434,918	\$ 13,898,381	\$ 15,214,351	\$ 16,262,931	\$ 17,209,692	\$ 18,437,903	\$ 19,250,996	\$ 21,058,222
Total Net Debt applicable to										
the 20 %	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
6 % Limitation										
Legal Debt Limitation	3,755,108	3,880,795	4,030,475	4,169,514	4,564,305	4,878,879	5,162,908	5,531,371	5,775,299	6,317,467
General Obligation Bonds										
Outstanding (1)	1,309,609	1,127,691	943,520	759,190	574,193	387,794	197,492			-
Debt Margin Available	\$ 2,445,499	\$ 2,753,104	\$ 3,086,955	\$ 3,410,324	\$ 3,410,324	\$ 4,491,085	\$ 4,965,416	\$ 5,531,371	\$ 5,775,299	\$ 6,317,467
Total Net Debt applicable to										
the 20 % * reinstated	2.02%	1.68%	1.36%	1.06%	0.75%	0.48%	0.23%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%





Source: Notes to the Financial Statements Long-Term Liabilities

Note (1): Prior to fiscal year 2007, under Arizona law, cities could issue general obligation bonds for purposes of water, sewer, artificial light, open space preserves, parks, playgrounds, and recreational facilities, up to an amount not exceeding 20% of a City's Secondary Net Assessed Valuation. In fiscal year 2007, Arizona voters approved an amendment to the Arizona Constitution to allow cities to include debt for the acquisition and development of public safety, law enforcement, fire and emergency facilities, and streets and transportation facilities in the 20% debt limit. General Obligation Bonds for all other purposes may be issued up to an amount not exceeding 6% of Secondary Net Assessed Valuation.

Note (2): Assessed value of real property based on Secondary Net Assessed Valuation

<sup>\*</sup>Reinstated - prior years Assessed Value of Real Property one year behind.

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

				Debt	Service Require	ments			
			Series 2011 Bond	d	Series 199	9A Bond			
	Excise Tax,	<b>Debt Service</b>							
	Revenues and	Obligation	Debt		Debt	Debt			
Fiscal	State Shared	Being	Service	<b>Debt Service</b>	Service	Service	<b>Total Debt</b>	Coverage	
Year	Revenues (2 & 2a)	Refunded	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service	Ratio (3)	Minimum
	As restated								
2014	9,895,806	=	350,000	480,938			830,938	11.24	2.00
2015	11,069,485	-	600,000	473,938			1,073,938	9.21	2.00
2016	12,419,490	-	730,000	458,938			1,188,938	9.31	2.00
2017	13,598,619	-	755,000	437,038			1,192,038	10.42	2.00
2018	15,705,839	-	775,000	414,388			1,189,388	11.43	2.00
2019	17,170,607	-	800,000	391,138			1,191,138	14.42	2.00
2020	15,163,641	-	855,000	336,200			1,191,200	12.73	2.00
2021	14,364,956	-	890,000	302,000			1,192,000	12.05	2.00
2022	17,060,668	-	5,150,000	-			5,150,000	3.31	2.00
2023	21,246,543	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			\$ -	NA	NA

### **Bond Coverage and Requirements**



Source: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund and bond debt service schedule.

Note (1): In Fiscal Year 2012, Series 1999A Bond was restructured.

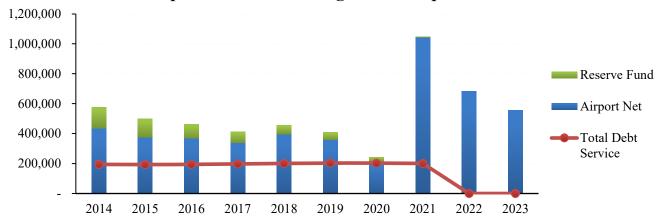
Note (2): General Fund Revenue less Golf, Rescue, Transfers, Grants, Donations, Land Sales, Interest Income, and Attorney Fees Reimbursement.

Note (2a): Starting in 2022 Source: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance less Rescue & Attorney Fee Reimbursement.

Note (3): 1999A Bond Series - Revenues at least 1.25 times Total Debt Service / 2011 Bond Series - Revenues at least 2.00 Total Debt Service

				Debt Service	Requirements		
	Airport Net	Serie	es 2004 Airport I	Bond	_	Coverage	Reserve Fund
Fiscal Year	Position (Revenue less Expenses)	Debt Service Principal	Interest Rate (1)	Debt Service Interest	Total Debt Service	Ratio from Net	for Debt Service
2014	436,636	176,724	0.960%	17,168	193,892	2.25	140,004
2015	377,256	181,919	0.763%	10,723	192,642	1.96	121,953
2016	369,299	184,171	1.072%	10,143	194,314	1.90	94,398
2017	337,931	184,330	1.703%	12,814	197,144	1.71	75,939
2018	397,115	184,997	2.435%	15,049	200,046	1.99	58,130
2019	358,852	186,399	3.868%	16,963	203,362	1.76	50,046
2020	210,585	190,302	3.050%	12,390	202,692	1.04	32,557
2021	1,044,523	197,492	0.764%	3,017	200,509	5.21	3,089
2022	684,553	-	0.000%	-	-	-	-
2023	\$ 558,326	\$ -	0.000%	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -

### Airport Bond Coverage and Requirements



Source: Bond debt service schedule; City's financial records - Airport Reserve Fund Balance; Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

- Note (1): Interest Rate changes annually at restart of each fiscal year on July 1.
- Note (2): Bond requires amount of Total Debt Service to be available from net revenues and Airport Fund Balances.
- Note (3): Bond requires Reserve to be at least 10% of unpaid Principal Component
- Note (4): Shortage of coverage from Net Revenues funded by other Airport Funds

### **Demographic and Economic Statistics**

### **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Statistical Section
Demographic and Economic
(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Calendar		**Personal	Per Capita	School		U <mark>nemployment Rate (</mark>	<u>(2)</u>
General	Year	Population (1)	Income	Income (1)	Enrollment (3)	Arizona	Coconino County	City of Page
Acres 24,532.6	2013	7,492	197,833,752	26,406	2,613	7.7%	8.1%	10.8%
Median Income \$65,321*	2014	7,521	168,673,467	22,427	2,621	6.8%	7.1%	8.6%
Below Poverty Level 17.2%*	2015	7,517	182,948,746	24,338	2,594	6.1%	6.5%	7.9%
Housing Units 2,992*	2016	7,565	185,380,325	24,505	2,621	5.4%	6.0%	7.4%
Occupied - 2,580*	2017	7,568	156,604,624	20,693	2,754	4.9%	5.5%	6.8%
Vacant - 412*	2018	7,547	155,623,859	21,246	2,689	4.8%	5.5%	6.9%
	2019	7,529	159,001,367	22,595	2,559	4.7%	5.5%	7.0%
U.S. Census Bureau American	2020	7,440	162,675,600	21,865	2,606	7.9%	9.7%	9.6%
Fact Finder	2021	7,375	\$157,654,630	\$ 21,377	+ 2,300	4.1%	4.8%	5.7%
2015-2019*	2022	7,357	\$153,809,909	\$ 20,907	+ 2,459	4.3%	4.8%	5.6%

<sup>+</sup>Per Capita Income estimate based on historical data. \*\*Population multiplied by Per Capita Income

### · Current Year and Five Years Ago

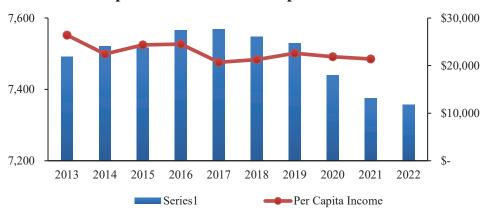
2023				2018	
		% of Total			% of Total
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employer	<b>Employees</b>	Employment
Canyonlands Community Health Care Inc	77	2.0%	Page Steel/ Page Lumber	93	3.0%
Page Steel Inc	87	2.0%	City of Page	147	4.0%
GSM Outdoors	122	3.0%	Gary Yamamoto Custom Baits	150	4.0%
City of Page (Includes Page Utility Enterprises)	181	5.0%	Page Hospital	146	4.0%
Banner Health	135	4.0%	Infinity of Page Home Health Care	170	5.0%
Infinity of Page Home Health Services LLC	150	4.0%	Glen Canyon National Park Service	193	6.0%
Glen Canyon National Park Service	200	6.0%	Antelope Point Holdings, LLC	428	12.0%
Walmart	222	6.0%	Page Unified School District No. 8	451	13.0%
Page Unified School District 8	532	15.0%	Navajo Generating Station	463	13.0%
Aramark Corp	1,100	31.0%	Aramark Lake Powell	785_	23.0%
Total	2,806	79.5%	Total	3,026	87.0%
Other	724	20.5%	Other	451	13.0%
	Labor Force	3,738		Labor Force	3,905
	Total employment	3,530		Total employment	3,477
	Unemployment	208		Unemployment	428
Unemployment I	Rate to Labor Force	5.6%		Unemployment Rate	11.0%

Note (1): Local data 2013-2019 from U.S. Census Bureau.

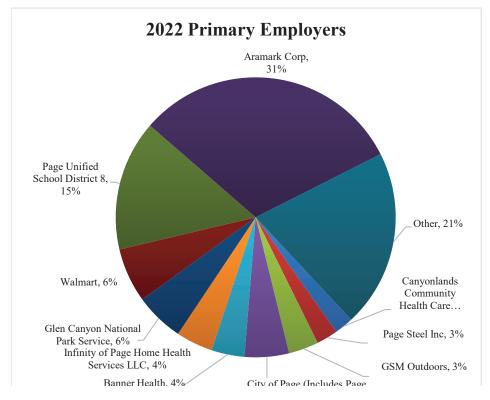
Note (2):Source - Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment Statistics. Not seasonally adjusted.

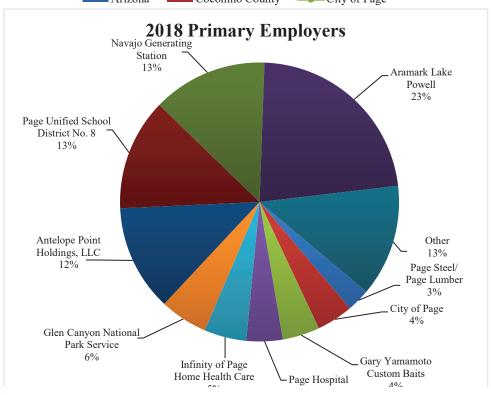
Note (3): Source - Arizona Department of Education. Updated in FY17 to include Resident and Non-Resident students.

## Population vs Per Capita Income







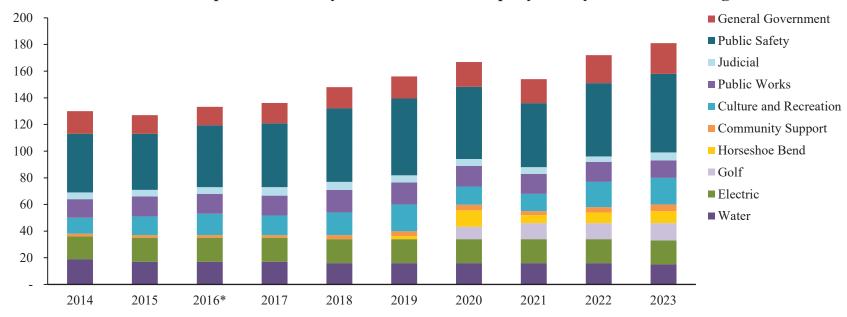


Statistical Section
Operating Information
(Accrual basis of accounting)

Last	Ten	<b>Fiscal</b>	Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30										
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016*</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	
Function											
General Government	17	14	14	15	16	17	19	18	21	23	
Public Safety	44	42	46	48	55	58	54	48	55	59	
Judicial	5	5	5	6	6	5	5	5	4	6	
Public Works	14	15	15	15	17	17	16	15	15	13	
Culture and Recreation	12	14	16	15	17	20	14	13	19	20	
Community Support	2	2	2	2	3	4	4	3	4	5	
Horseshoe Bend	-	-	-	-	-	2	12	6	8	9	
Golf	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	12	12	13	
Electric	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	
Water	19	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	15	
Total	130	127	133	136	147	154	167	154	172	181	

Full-Time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program



Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

\*Restated - Corrected FTE for Firefighters

Last	Ten	<b>Fiscal</b>	Years

	Fiscal Years Ended June 30									
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
Planning and Building Safety										
Building permits issued (new single family homes)	3	3	8	12	11	15	15	16	8	11
Highway and Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.2	3.2	17.6	2.6	3.3	1.7	0.3
Streets striped (miles)	9.3	7.6	0.0	20.4	12.9	10.0	5.2	3.3	0.1	1.5
Culture and Recreation										
Summer recreation camps	0	0	0	5	4	0	0	0	0	0

Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

City of Page, Arizona
Capital Assets Statistics by Function

**Last Ten Fiscal Years** 

Statistical Section
Operating Information
(Accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year E	Ended June 30				
	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
<b>Function</b>										
Highways and Streets										
Streets (miles)	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.2	47.4
Streetlights	817	817	817	817	817	817	817	817	817	822
Traffic Signals	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage*	17.73	17.73	17.73	17.73	17.73	17.73	17.73	501.59	501.59	645.59
Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	9	9	10
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	39	39	49	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.26	49.78
Storm sewers (miles)	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8
Maximum daily design capacity (gallons)*	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Average daily treatment (gallons)	908,005	875,000	889,000	882,000	918,194	918,194	918,194	768,945	818,500	820,240
Water										
Water lines (miles)	60	60	59.94	60.19	60.19	60.19	60.19	60.19	61.19	62.29
Raw water lines (miles)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Maximum daily design capacity (gallons)*	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	3,300,000	3,300,000	3,300,000
Average daily treatment (gallons)	1,751,756	1,618,500	1,940,000	1,890,000	1,872,540	1,872,540	1,872,540	1,918,961	1,833,000	1,677,450

Source: The source of this information is the City's facilities records.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS FROM INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* 

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Page, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Page, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Page, Arizona's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2023.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Page, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Page, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City Page, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Page, Arizona's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona December 8, 2023





# Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Page, Arizona

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Page, Arizona for the year ended June 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2023. Our audit also included test work on the City of Page's compliance with selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2.

The management of the City of Page is responsible for the City's compliance with all requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; accordingly, we make the following statements:

The City of Page has established separate funds to account for Highway User Revenue funds and Local Transportation Assistance funds. Highway user revenue fund monies received by the City of Page pursuant to Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year appear to have been used solely for authorized purposes. The funds are administered in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Sources of revenues available and fund balances are reflected in the individual fund financial statements.

Our opinion regarding the City's compliance with annual expenditure limitations has been issued separately with the City's Annual Expenditure Limitation Report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, The City of Page, Arizona complied, in all material respects, with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona December 8, 2023 This page intentionally left blank